



U.S. Department of Justice

Federal Bureau of Investigation

Washington, D.C. 20535

January 20, 2012

MR. TREVOR GRIFFEY
POST OFFICE BOX 2887
OLYMPIA, WA 98507 2887

Subject: FILE NUMBER 105-LA-855
FOIPA No. 1169109- 000

Dear Mr. Griffey:

The enclosed documents were reviewed under the Freedom of Information/Privacy Acts (FOIPA), Title 5, United States Code, Section 552/552a. Deletions have been made to protect information which is exempt from disclosure, with the appropriate exemptions noted on the page next to the excision. In addition, a deleted page information sheet was inserted in the file to indicate where pages were withheld entirely. The exemptions used to withhold information are marked below and explained on the enclosed Form OPCA-16a:

Section 552

- ☒ (b)(1)
- ☐ (b)(2)
- ☐ (b)(3) _____
- _____
- _____
- _____
- ☐ (b)(4)
- ☐ (b)(5)
- ☒ (b)(6)

Section 552a

- ☐ (b)(7)(A)
- ☐ (b)(7)(B)
- ☒ (b)(7)(C)
- ☒ (b)(7)(D)
- ☐ (b)(7)(E)
- ☐ (b)(7)(F)
- ☐ (b)(8)
- ☐ (b)(9)
- ☐ (d)(5)
- ☐ (j)(2)
- ☐ (k)(1)
- ☐ (k)(2)
- ☐ (k)(3)
- ☐ (k)(4)
- ☐ (k)(5)
- ☐ (k)(6)
- ☐ (k)(7)

117 page(s) were reviewed and 93 page(s) are being released.

☒ Document(s) were located which originated with, or contained information concerning other Government agency(ies) [OGA]. This information has been:

☐ referred to the OGA for review and direct response to you.

☒ referred to the OGA for consultation. The FBI will correspond with you regarding this information when the consultation is finished.

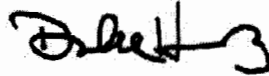
☐ In accordance with standard FBI practice and pursuant to FOIA exemption (b)(7)(E) [5 U.S.C. § 552 (b)(7)(E)], this response neither confirms nor denies the existence of your subject's name on any watch lists.

☒ You have the right to appeal any denials in this release. Appeals should be directed in writing to the Director, Office of Information Policy, U.S. Department of Justice, 1425 New York Ave., NW, Suite 11050, Washington, D.C. 20530-0001. Your appeal must be received by OIP within sixty (60) days from the date of this letter in order to be considered timely. The envelope and the letter should be clearly marked "Freedom of Information Appeal." Please cite the FOIPA Number assigned to your request so that it may be easily identified.

☐ The enclosed material is from the main investigative file(s) in which the subject(s) of your request was the focus of the investigation. Our search located additional references, in files relating to other individuals, or matters, which may or may not be about your subject(s). Our experience has shown, when ident, references usually contain information similar to the information processed in the main file(s). Because of our significant backlog, we have given priority to processing only the main investigative file(s). If you want the references, you must submit a separate request for them in writing, and they will be reviewed at a later date, as time and resources permit.

☒ See additional information which follows.

Sincerely yours,



David M. Hardy
Section Chief
Record/Information
Dissemination Section
Records Management Division

Enclosure(s)

In response to your specific Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) request submitted to Winchester, VA, enclosed is a processed copy of the FBI Los Angeles file number 105-LA-855.

This material is being provided to you at no charge.

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : SAC, Los Angeles

DATE: April 6, 1951

FROM : Director, FBI

SUBJECT: COMMUNIST ACTIVITIES IN THE PHILIPPINE ISLANDS
INTERNAL SECURITY - PI

There are transmitted herewith to the Los Angeles and Washington Field Offices two photostatic copies of the following self-explanatory communications:

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[redacted] Bufiles reflect no information which can be identified with Pedro Hallonda. [It is noted that the Los Angeles office is in possession of background information relative to the Hukbalahaps and Carlos Bulosan.]

Efforts should be made to identify and ascertain the whereabouts of Pedro Hallonda. An investigation should be instituted in order to determine the present activities and contacts of Hallonda. A report reflecting results of this investigation should be submitted in form suitable for dissemination. [redacted]

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The Washington Field Office is origin in captioned matter.

Attachments

cc: Washington Field (Attachments)

64-200-239

105-855-1

SEARCHED.....	INDEXED.....
SERIALIZED.....	FILED.....
APR 10 1951	
[redacted]	

opened 4-18-51
T-5/20
105-855-1

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Los Angeles, California
April 18, 1951

1. 2 copies photostat [redacted]

See serial 1. *(1 copy sent to S.F. 5-14-51)*

2. 2 copies photostat of 4 pages of [redacted]
See serial 1. *(1 copy sent to S.F. 5-14-51)*

b7D



105-855-10

SEARCHED.....	INDEXED.....
SERIALIZED.....	FILED.....
APR 18 1951	
FBI - LOS ANGELES	

58

Date Received 4-10-51

From Direct
(Name of contributor)

(Address of contributor)

By see see. 1
(Name of Special Agent)

To Be Returned Yes ()
No (☒)

Description: 2 copies

photostat

File No

105-855-101

SB

1 copy sent to S.A.
5-14-51 lb

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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 10-04-2011 BY 60324 uc baw sab/ml

Date Received 4-10-51

From Director
(Name of contributor)

(Address of contributor)

By see ser. 1
(Name of Special Agent)

To Be Returned Yes ()
No (X)

Description: 2 copies photostat

of 4 pages

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105-855-1a2

30

1 copy sent to S.A.
5-14-51 sh

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 10-04-2011 BY 60324 uc-baw/sab/ml

K
RRFBL

3 MVS 5-5-51 314 PM CRIM
HOOD SPEC ACT IN CHG FBI LA FBI
RE UR 1 DATE

FIND NO RECORD CAR REGISTRATION NAME OF PEDRO HALLONDA IN FILE
ANY ADDRESS THIS HAS ALSO BEEN SENT TO DRIVERS LICENSE BUREAU FOR
FURTHER CHECK BUT WILL NOT BE ANSWERED BEFORE MONDAY AS THAT BUREAU
CLOSED UNTIL THEN
MVS HP

105-855

105-855-2

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
MAY 5 1951	
LOS ANGELES	

[Handwritten signature]

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

CALIFORNIA STATE TELETYPE

Transmit the following Teletype message to:

FBI LOS ANGELES

5-5-51

12:10 p.m.

MVS AND DDL

PLEASE CHECK MOTOR VEHICLE REGISTRATION AND VEHICLE OPERATORS

PERMITS ON PEDRO HALLONDA FOR ANY INFORMATION. ~~ACCORDING ABOVE~~

~~CAUTIONED~~ WHO IS A FILIPINO AND POSSIBLY A PHILLIPPINE CITIZEN.

ADDRESS KNOWN ONLY AS "REUNBANK, CALIF.," WHICH MAY BE

TYPOGRAPHICAL ERROR FOR BURBANK OR RIVERBANK, CALIF. IN REPLY

PLEASE REFER TO OUR FILE 105-855.

R. B. HOOD, SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE
FBI, LOS ANGELES

RSCW:ik
105-855

Approved: [Signature]

Special Agent in Charge

Sent: [Signature] M

Per: [Signature]

105-855-3

FBI

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 10-04-2011 BY 60324 uc baw/sab/ml



1 MVS 5-7-51 110P

HOOD (FILE 105-855) SPEC AFT FBI FEL

RE 1 FEL 5-5-51


FIND OPERATORS LICENSE B510453 ISSUED 11-3-48 TO PEDRO PAJOTA
HOLANDA PO BOX 575 RIVERBANK IS VALID AND RESTRICTED TO USE OF ADEQUATE
GLASSES. BIRTHDATE 4-13-06 HGT 5-5 1/2 WGT 142 EYES AND HAIR BLK MALE
FILIPINO SUPP ADDRESS TOPEKA AND JACKSON

DDL MVS NRP

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105-855-4

SEARCHED.....	INDEXED.....
SERIALIZED.....	FILED.....
MAY 7 1951	
LES	
1RSLW	



DIRECTOR, FBI

May 14, 1951

SAC, LOS ANGELES

COMMUNIST ACTIVITIES IN THE PHILIPPINE ISLANDS
INTERNAL SECURITY - PI
(Bufile 64-200-239)

Rebulet requesting Los Angeles Office to identify and ascertain whereabouts of PEDRO HALLONDA, dated April 6, 1951.

The California Department of Motor Vehicles by teletype on May 7, 1951, advised they had a record of a Motor Vehicle Operator's License No. B 512453 issued November 3, 1940, to PEDRO PAJOTA HOLANDA, P. O. Box 575, Riverbank, California. HOLANDA is described by the Department of Motor Vehicles as male; Filipino; born April 13, 1906; 5' 5 1/2"; 142 pounds; eyes and hair black.

Enclosure to above-mentioned Bulet indicates that one PEDRO HALLONDA was a resident of "Neunbank", California, and also suggests that this city may possibly be Burbank.

Since information in the Department of Motor Vehicles files reflect that one PEDRO PAJOTA HOLANDA is actually a resident of Riverbank in the San Francisco territory a copy of this letter together with enclosures thereto are being forwarded to San Francisco for appropriate handling.

RUC

RSCW:DB
105-855

cc: Washington Field Office
San Francisco (Enclosures)

RUC

Rec'd
5-16-51
Bm

Leah

[Handwritten signature]

[Handwritten initials]

105-855-5

~~SECRET~~EXEMPTED FROM AUTOMATIC
DECLASSIFICATION
AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
EXEMPTION CODE 25X(1)
DATE 10-21-2011

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

FORM NO. 1
THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT

WASHINGTON FIELD

FILE NO.

Classified per OGA letter dated Oct 11 2011 105-1397

REPORT MADE AT WASHINGTON, D. C.	DATE WHEN MADE JUN 1 1951	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE 2/15-17, 19, 20, 26; 3/1, 6, 7, 14, 23; 4/1, 5, 10, 19, 23/51	REPORT MADE BY JAMES O. NEWPHER JON:een
TITLE 105-855-X COMMUNIST ACTIVITIES IN THE PHILIPPINE ISLANDS			CHARACTER OF CASE INTERNAL SECURITY - PT ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:

T-1 advised Huk organization [redacted] after recent shakeup. This interpreted as closer association with Russia. Informant advised [redacted] recently arrested for Huk collaboration; [redacted] being watched for his leftist views. AMADO HERNANDEZ, Phillipine Labor Leader, also sympathetic toward Huk. [redacted]

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Referral/Consult

[redacted] according to T-2. MANUEL INSIGNE, Sacramento, California, may possibly assist Huks, as well as [redacted]

[redacted] according to T-1. COSME PORTILLA, Philadelphia, came to U. S. 1914; served in U. S. Navy 1914 to 1918; resided 2016 Wilder Street, Philadelphia, as of December, 1940. No record NICKOLI PROKUSHKIN, Merchant Marine Service. NICHOLAS PROKOOSHKIN, Merchant Marine, resides 455 22nd Avenue, San Francisco; born 9-17- , Tomsk, Russia, made 47 recorded voyages 2-1-40 to 1-3-51.

- P -

APPROVED AND FORWARDED:	SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES
COPIES OF THIS REPORT 5 - Bureau (64-200-239) 2 - New York 2 - Los Angeles 2 - Philadelphia (105-114) 2 - New Orleans (Info) 3 - Washington Field		105-855-6 SEARCHED INDEXED SERIALIZED FILED JUN 7 1951 FBI - LOS ANGELES [Handwritten signatures and initials]

PROPERTY OF FBI - This ~~confidential~~ report and its contents are loaned to you by the FBI and are not to be distributed outside of agency to which loaned.

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WFO 105-1397

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DETAILS: AT WASHINGTON, D. C.

Confidential Informant T-1, of known reliability, advised that the Huks are Communist led, and that the Philippine Government has seized publications and propaganda literature issued by the Huks to support this charge. The Informant stated there are about 10,000 active Huks in the Philippine Islands, of whom 5,000 are armed.

According to the Informant, the only evidence of a foreign power aiding the Huks is against the Communist Government of China, and it has been reliably reported to T-1 that there are about 500,000 Chinese in the Philippine Islands, of which about one-half entered the country illegally.

T-1 also advised that it had been ascertained through reliable sources that a shakeup had occurred in the Huk organization sometime around February, 1951. As of March 5, 1951, according to Informant, the Huk organization was [redacted] VICENTE (VACINTE) LAVA, the latter now deceased. LUIS TARUC, formerly number one man in the organization, had been relegated to number three position [redacted]

[redacted] The Informant described JOSE LAVA as a very intelligent person, and his ascension to the number one position has been interpreted by the Philippine Government as a closer association between the Huks and Russia, which will result in a more closely knit and better disciplined organization. TARUC was described by T-1 as a "Tito" or nationalist type of Communist and [redacted] as the Russian type of Communist.

Concerning persons known or suspected of Huk collaboration or association, as well as persons in the United States who might possibly assist the Huk movement, T-1 gave the following information:

[redacted]
T-1 advised [redacted]

[redacted]
about two years ago and returned to the Philippines around 1948. [redacted]
is regarded as extremely leftist in his views and is presently being watched by the Philippine Government.

The records of Central Office, Immigration and Naturalization Service.

[redacted]
[redacted] and he entered the United States at Laredo, Texas, on December 5, 1947, by the Tex-Mex Railway Company. He had been given [redacted]

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WFO 105-1397

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[REDACTED]

On August 13, 1948, [REDACTED] departed from the United States at New York on the Holland-American Line.

On November 16, 1948, [REDACTED] and arrived in the United States December 15, 1948, on NC-45346, landing at New York. He advised he was coming to the United States to take his post.

The records of T-7, a government agency which conducts security and intelligence investigations, reflects [REDACTED] and contains no other pertinent information.

On July 3, 1949, [REDACTED] left the United States from Honolulu by the Philippine Air Lines.

A description of [REDACTED] obtained from the files of Immigration and Naturalization Service, is as follows:

Height
Hair
Eyes
Marks
Relative
Nationality.

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

T-1 advised that [REDACTED] was recently arrested by the Philippine Government for his association and collaboration with the Huks. At the time [REDACTED] was arrested, [REDACTED] mentioned above was with him. T-1 also stated [REDACTED] held in the Philippines about one and one-half years ago.

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AMADO HERNANDEZ

Another, sympathetic toward the Huk movement, according to T-1, is AMADO HERNANDEZ, now a member of the Municipal Board of Manila. HERNANDEZ is also a labor leader and associated with the Congress of Labor Organization (CLO) in the Philippines. Informant stated HERNANDEZ came to the United States a couple of years ago and at that time had difficulty obtaining a United States visa. While in the United States, HERNANDEZ was in contact with HENRY A. WALLACE, former Vice President of United States, and PAUL ROBESON, whose visit to the Philippines HERNANDEZ arranged.

Consolidated file A-7073912, Central Office, Immigration and Naturalization Service, reflects AMADO V. HERNANDEZ was born September 13, 1903, Manila, P. I. He was issued Visa V-296949 by the American Consulate, Philippines, on October 1, 1948. He arrived in Honolulu on October 3, 1948, on Philippine Air Line Plane C-290. He had Philippine Special Passport number 1690, issued by the Department of Foreign Affairs, Manila, on September 17, 1948. He advised he was coming to the United States on official business for the Municipal Government of Manila, and listed his destination as the Philippine Consulate General, New York City. He was admitted at San Francisco on October 10, 1948, and arrived in New York, December 23, 1948. There is no indication in INS records that HERNANDEZ has left the United States.

Referral/Consult

On January 12, 1949, Confidential Informant T-2, of known reliability,

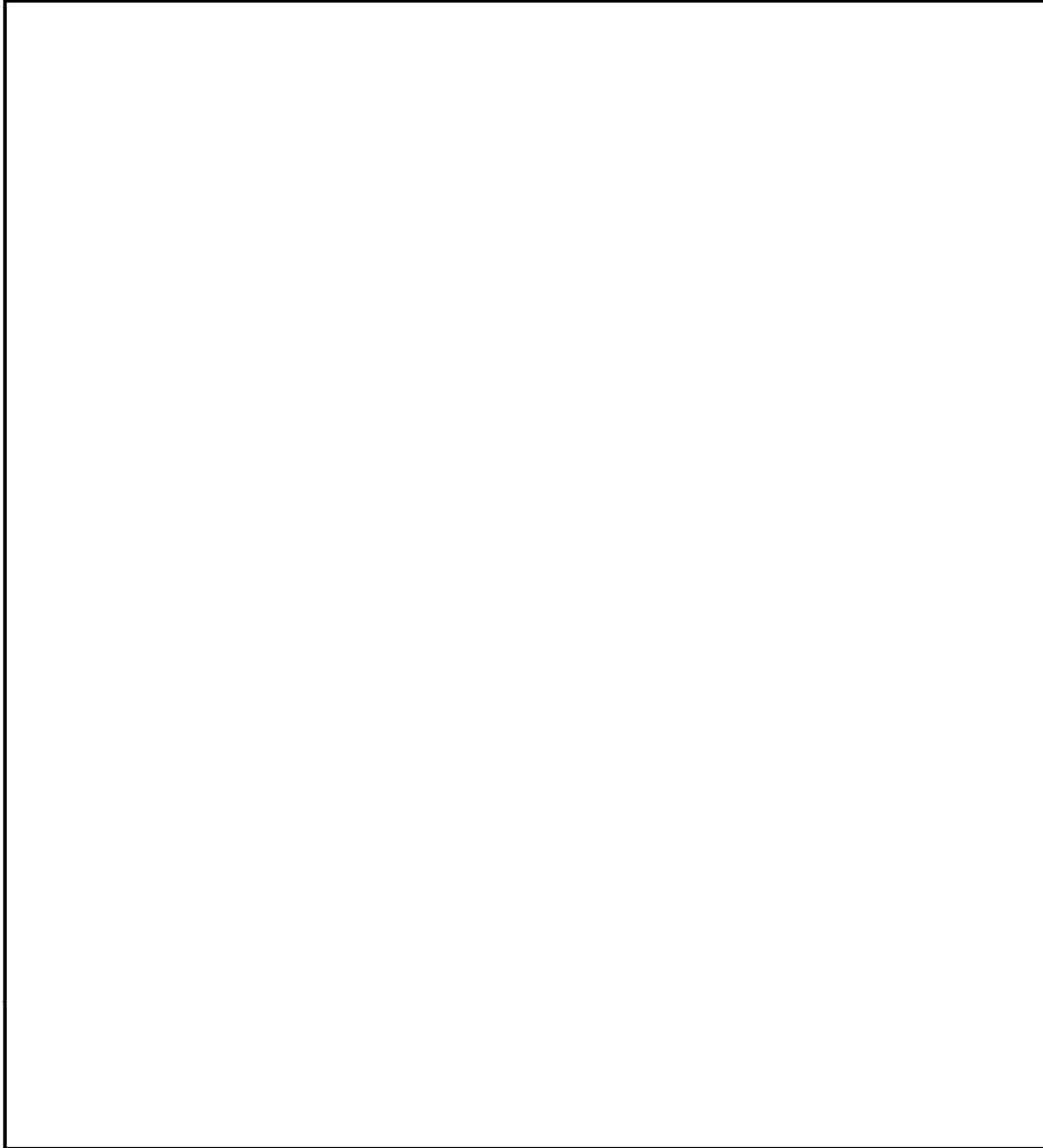
T-2 also provided a copy of the "Evening Chronicle", published in English at Manila, on December 28, 1948, which contains a United Press release dated December 28, New York City. This copy, in turn, had been given

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Referral/Consult

WFO 105-1397



A description of AMADO V. HERNANDEZ, obtained from the files of INS is as follows:

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105-LA-855, serial 6, FDPS pgs. 22

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WFO 105-1397

Birth	September 13, 1903, Manila, P. I.
Height	5'6"
Hair	Black
Eyes	Brown
Marks	Mole on forehead
Wife	[REDACTED]
Home address	100 West Pampanga, Manila.

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The records of T-7, a government agency which conducts security and intelligence investigations, reflects AMADA V. HERNANDEZ, Acting National Chairman, Congress of Labor Organizations, Manila, in August, 1947, addressed correspondence to President TRUMAN urging the President to take immediate positive action seeking early termination of Dutch Indonesian hostilities and resumption of peace negotiations under United Nations arbitration.

MANUEL INSIGNE

Confidential Informant T-1 described MANUEL INSIGNE, Editor, "Bataan News", 925 4th Street, Sacramento, California, (P. O. Box 521) as a radical and rabble rouser, who would probably assist the Huk movement. According to T-1, INSIGNE was on the pay roll of the United States Resident-Commissioner of the Philippines, immediately prior to World War II, for the purpose of keeping Philippine labor in line. T-1 pointed out that this employment was not official, but was a personal relationship between the Commissioner and INSIGNE.

There was no record of MANUEL INSIGNE in the files of the Central Office, Immigration and Naturalization Service, nor in the Security or Passport Division of the Department of State.

[REDACTED]

As mentioned above; VICENTE IAVA, [REDACTED] of the Huks, is now deceased. However, T-1 has advised that VICENTE'S [REDACTED]

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[REDACTED] The informant also advised that [REDACTED] may possibly be sympathetic toward the Huk movement, inasmuch as [REDACTED] is so inclined.

The records of the Central Office, INS, contain no record of [REDACTED]

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According to T-1, [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

on the West Coast, and as a result, is very influential among Filipinos on the West Coast. T-1 was of the opinion that [REDACTED] in his position, might attempt to use the Filipino Federation and the many Philippine workers on the West Coast to the benefit of the Huk movement.

The records of the Central Office, INS, reflect that Consolidated File [REDACTED] on [REDACTED] was transferred to Los Angeles, July 19, 1950.

[REDACTED]

T-1 advised that [REDACTED] who is or has been associated with [REDACTED] has made several trips to the Philippines since World War II - two within the past year. According to the Informant, the reason for [REDACTED] has not been ascertained, but it was T-1's opinion that his activities may be in the interest of the Huks. There was no record of [REDACTED] in the files of the Immigration and Naturalization Service or the Passport Division, Department of State.

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[REDACTED]

T-1 also advised that [REDACTED] very sympathetic toward the Huks, not as a Communist, but for reason of a conviction that the Huks are not being treated fairly.

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COSME PORTILLA

Confidential Informant T-3, of unknown reliability, reported in January, 1951, that COSME PORTILLA, of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, and formerly of Caregara, Leyte, P. I., had served in the Pennsylvania National Guard and the United States Navy. T-3 stated he had not seen COSME PORTILLA for about ten years, but had heard from an unknown source

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WFO 105-1397

that PORTILLA returned to the Philippine Islands and is now a leader in the Huk movement.

Consolidated File A-5441733, Central Office of Immigration and Naturalization Service, reflects that COSME PORTILLA, as of December 12, 1940, resided at 2016 Wilder Street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. He was born September 27, 1891, Jaro, Leyte, P. I. He arrived in the United States at San Francisco, September, 1914, on the USAT Sheridan, and entered the country as an enlisted man in the United States Navy. He served in the Navy from July 22, 1914, to September 4, 1918. As of 1940, COSME PORTILLA was employed as a cook by [REDACTED]

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There was no record of COSME PORTILLA in the files of the Visa, Security, and Passport Divisions of the Department of State; Office of Naval Intelligence; or the National Guard Bureau, Department of Defense.

GALO O'CAMPO

In October, 1950, it was reported by Confidential Informant T-4, of unknown reliability, that GALO O'CAMPO, formerly with Ambassador ROMULO'S offices in New York City, was sympathetic to the Huk movement. The records of INS, San Francisco, reflect that GALO O'CAMPO departed from the United States at Honolulu, August 3, 1950.

NICKOLI PROKUSHKIN and NICHOLAS ILAS PROKOOSHKIN

Confidential Informant T-5 in August, 1947, advised that NICKOLI PROKUSHKIN, a United States sailor aboard the steamship Hoover in 1945 and 1946, was used as a courier in and out of the Philippines for the purpose of carrying money for the Philippine Communists. The records of the Merchant Marine contain no information concerning NICKOLI PROKUSHKIN.

The records of the Merchant Marine reflect that NICHOLAS ILAS PROKOOSHKIN, born September 17, 1905, Russia, Merchant Marine number Z32549, made forty seven recorded voyages from February 1, 1940, to January 3, 1951. An application for a Seaman's Certificate for Service, dated June 15, 1937, reflected PROKOOSHKIN then resided at 616 South Bixel Street, Los Angeles, California. On January 25, 1943, he presented Certificate

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WFO 105-1397

of Naturalization, number 5746764, issued by the District Court of San Francisco on the same date. The physical examination record dated December 13, 1943, reflects he was born in Tomsk, Russia, September 17, 1905. Listed his next of kin, [redacted]

[redacted] As of November 14, 1947, PROKOOSHKIN resided at 438A Haight Street, San Francisco, California, and listed his next of kin [redacted]

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As of February 16, 1951, PROKOOSHKIN resided at 455 22nd Avenue, San Francisco, California, and his next of kin was [redacted] residing at the same address.

The following recorded voyages were made by PROKOOSHKIN during the period 1945 to 1947:

2-1-45 to 5-13-45	SS Cape Meares
1-22-46 to 5-1-46	SS President Grant
6-12-46 to 7-18-46	SS General M. C. Meigs
12-9-46 to 1-27-47	SS Marine Phoenix
5-13-47 to 7-3-47	SS General M. C. Meigs

All of the above voyages were foreign travel, and PROKOOSHKIN was assigned to the various ships mentioned above at San Francisco, California, and was also relieved of his duties at San Francisco.

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(S)

The records of Central Office, INS, reflect that NICHOLAS I. PROKOOSHKIN, born September 17, 1905, Tomsk, Siberia, Russia, applied for an Immigration Visa May 28, 1927, at Shanghai, China, where he resided from 1922 to the time of the application. He planned to leave Shanghai and arrive in the United States at San Francisco, where he intended to join [redacted]. A signed statement by PROKOOSHKIN and dated May 28, 1927, reflected he could not get a Russian passport, inasmuch as the old Russian Government was overthrown and he therefore, obtained Passport number 476, dated May 24, 1927,

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WFO 105-1397

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from the Special Commissioner for Foreign Affairs, Kaingsu, Shanghai, China. Visa number 2764 was issued April 25, 1930, to expire August 25, 1930. PROKOOSHKIN'S Petition for Naturalization, number 68775, reflects he arrived in the United States at Seattle, Washington, May 31, 1930, on the SS President Pierce. Witnesses to his petition were [redacted]

[redacted] and [redacted]
[redacted]

This petition also reflects he married FERN PROKOOSHKIN December 13, 1931, at Long Beach, California. that she was born February 2, 1908, Cedar Rapids, Iowa, and he [redacted]
[redacted]

Certificate of Naturalization, number 5746764, was issued PROKOOSHKIN January 25, 1943, by the United States District Court, San Francisco. He then resided at 480 Geary Street, San Francisco, California.

A description of PROKOOSHKIN, obtained from the files of INS, is as follows:

Birth	September 17, 1905, Tomsk, Russia
Height	5'6"
Weight	140 pounds.
Hair	Brown
Eyes	Blue- grey
Complexion	Ruddy
Scars	Scar on left ear.

- P E N D I N G -

- 11 -

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WFO 105-1397

ADMINISTRATIVE PAGE

INFORMANTS

T-1

-

[Redacted]

b7D

T-2

-

[Redacted]

Referral/Consult

T-3

-

[Redacted] Confidential Informant T-9 as reflected in report of SA MAHLON J. PRICE, Philadelphia, Pa., dated 1-15-51 on instant case.

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T-4

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[Redacted] Confidential Informant T-1 as reflected in report of SA JAMES O. NEWPHER, Washington, D. C., dated 3-5-51, on instant case.

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T-5

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[Redacted] Confidential Informant T-2 as reflected in report of SA JAMES O. NEWPHER, Washington, D. C. dated 3-5-51.

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T-6

(S)

[Redacted]

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T-7

-

Security Division, Department of State.

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WFO 105-1397

LEAD PAGE

LOS ANGELES OFFICE:

AT LOS ANGELES:

Will review INS file [] on []
for background information.

Will determine the activities and associates of []
[] and ascertain if he is possibly assisting
the Huks.

Will ascertain if the Filipino Federation of America is
possibly assisting the Huks, and report background informa-
tion on same organization.

N.R. Will check INS records for background information on []
[] and ascertain activities and associates and if he
is possibly assisting the Huks.

PHILADELPHIA OFFICE:

AT PHILADELPHIA:

Will review local INS records for background information
on [] determine the present ac-
tivities and associates of [] and
ascertain if she is possibly assisting the Huks.

Will ascertain if COSME PORTILLA is still residing in Phila-
delphia area and if he is possibly assisting the Huks.

AT HARRISBURG:

Will review records of Pennsylvania National Guard at PNG
Headquarters, Harrisburg, for service record of COSME PORTILLA.

NEW YORK OFFICE:

AT NEW YORK:

Will ascertain background and activities of "American Veterans
of the Philippine Campaign", and determine if organization is
possibly assisting the Filipino Huks.

65-2264*
58-143* +refs

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WFO 105-1397

LEAD PAGE (Continued)

SAN FRANCISCO OFFICE:

AT SACRAMENTO:

Will determine the present activities and associates of MANUEL INSIGNE, 925 4th Street, Sacramento, California, and if he is possibly assisting the Huks.

AT SAN FRANCISCO:

Will ascertain activities and associates of NICHOLAS PROKOOSHKIN, 455 22nd Avenue, San Francisco, California, and if he is possibly assisting the Huks.

WASHINGTON FIELD:

AT WASHINGTON:

Will make contact with available sources for additional information on this case.

REFERENCE:

Report of SA MAHLON J. PRICE, Philadelphia, Pa., dated January 15, 1951.

Report of SA JAMES O. NEWPHER, Washington, D. C. dated 3-5-51.

Bureau letter to San Francisco dated 3-21-51.

San Francisco letter to Bureau dated 4-10-51.

Bureau letter to Washington Field dated 5-2-51.

FD-72
(1-10-49)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 10-04-2011 BY 60324 uc baw sab/ml

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

FORM NO. 1
THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT WASHINGTON FIELD

FILE NO. 105-1397

REPORT MADE AT WASHINGTON, D. C.	DATE WHEN MADE AUG 24 1951	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE 6/20, 26; 7/18, 23 8/1, 3, 6-8/51	REPORT MADE BY JAMES O. NEWPHER JON:bar
TITLE COMMUNIST ACTIVITIES IN THE PHILIPPINE ISLANDS			CHARACTER OF CASE INTERNAL SECURITY - R

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:

T-3 advises BULOSAN sought employment with Philippine government in the United States in 1947. BULOSAN reportedly a heavy drinker. THOMAS OGDEN AMELIA employed Justice Department 2/28/42 to 4/4/46. Background data set out.

- P -

DETAILS: AT WASHINGTON, D. C.

APPROVED AND FORWARDED:	SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES	
		105-855-7	
COPIES OF THIS REPORT 6-Bureau (64-200-239) 2-Los Angeles (105-855) 2-San Francisco (105-882) (Info) 1-Philadelphia (105-614) (Info) 2-Seattle 3-Washington Field		SERIALIZED <i>lv</i> FILED <i>lv</i> AUG 27 1951 FBI - LOS ANGELES	

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1cc in 100-32735

On August 7 and August 8, 1951, Confidential Informant T-3, of known reliability, advised that about 1947 CARLOS BULOSAN applied for a position with the Philippine government in the United States. He desired to obtain a position in the field of public relations or in the Information Office. At the time of his application, positions in either field were not available, so his application was necessarily destroyed. T-3 stated, however, that a book (title unknown) listing CARLOS BULOSAN as author was previously read by many persons connected with the Philippine government in the United States, and that after reading BULOSAN'S letter seeking employment, it seemed apparent that either BULOSAN did not write the book or had employed a ghost writer for this purpose. BULOSAN'S letter, according to T-3, had not indicated that it came from a person with the ability to do extensive writing.

T-3 also stated that he had learned over a period of time and from sources which he could not definitely recall, that BULOSAN was an extremely heavy drinker and would occasionally get into a brawl while intoxicated. The informant advised he knew nothing concerning BULOSAN'S political activities or beliefs.

The files of the Central Office, Immigration and Naturalization Service, do not contain a record of CARLOS BULOSAN.

no record of any of these men in the files of the Central Office, Immigration and Naturalization Service.

T-3 advised that he was not acquainted with nor did he have any information concerning MANSALVAS, MANGACANG or DUMLAO.

[redacted] On May 7, 1951, Confidential Informant T-4, of known reliability, advised that PEDRO PAJOTA HOLANDA resided at Riverbank, California (Post Office Box 575). HOLANDA was born April 13, 1906, and of Filipino nationality.

LOREN SPAIR, Chief of Police, Riverbank, California, advised that PEDRO PAJOTA HOLANDA resided on West Topeka Street, in Riverbank. He is engaged in raising chickens and is also a farm laborer. He has no record at the Police Department and is well regarded in Riverbank.

[redacted] advised that he has known HOLANDA since 1947 and has found him to be honest and reliable in business. He advised that HOLANDA indicated he had been a Chief Warrant Officer in the United States Army for twenty-five years. [redacted] advised that it was his impression from talking to HOLANDA that HOLANDA had been in the Philippine Islands during World War II. [redacted] advised that he would recommend HOLANDA as far as loyalty to the United States was concerned and he had never heard him express himself in any way which would indicate that he had any opinions relative to the Philippine Islands.

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[redacted] Postmaster, Riverbank, California, advised that HOLANDA was well regarded in Riverbank. It was [redacted] belief that HOLANDA was receiving disability and retirement compensation from the United States government.

Personnel files of Justice Department reflect that THOMAS OGDEN AMELIA, born February 25, 1901, Chicago, Illinois, was employed February 28, 1942, by the Department of Justice as a Supervisor, Processing Section, (Alien Enemy Documents). On June 1, 1945, his position was eliminated and he accepted the office of Records Retirement Officer. On April 4, 1946, he was released by a reduction in force, and as of that date resided at 329 South Hicks Street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

According to his application dated February 28, 1942, AMELIA was engaged in the real estate business from July 15, 1925, to March 1, 1930, and was engaged in financial investigations (self-employment) from March 1, 1930, to February 28, 1942. He attended

WFO 100-1397

Pennington School, Pennington, New Jersey (1909-1916), George School, George School, Pennsylvania (1916-1920), Mercersburg Academy, Mercersburg, Pennsylvania (1920-1921), and Franklin and Marshall College, Lancaster, Pennsylvania (1921-1925), from which college he received a B. S. degree in economics.

- P E N D I N G -

ADMINISTRATIVE PAGE

Copies of this report are being furnished the Philadelphia office inasmuch as THOMAS OGDEN AMELIA, mentioned in this report, resides in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

T-1 [REDACTED] as reflected in Bureau letter to Los Angeles dated April 6, 1951.

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T-2 [REDACTED], as reflected in Bureau letter [REDACTED] dated June 1, 1951, entitled, "Communist Activities in the Philippine Islands, Internal Security - R."

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T-3 [REDACTED]

b7D

T-4 California Department of Motor Vehicles, as reflected in Los Angeles letter to Bureau dated May 14, 1951.

LEADS

SEATTLE FIELD OFFICE

AT SEATTLE, WASHINGTON

Will review Immigration and Naturalization Service records on C. D. MANSALVAS, ERNESTO MAGACANG and GEORGE DUMLAO, to ascertain circumstances surrounding their possible deportation.

Will ascertain background, associates and activities of MANSALVAS, MAGACANG and DUMLAO to determine if they are assisting the Philippine Huks.

Will report all background information on KENNETH HOWARD and his wife, and their activities and associates relative to assistance to the Huks.

LOS ANGELES FIELD OFFICE

AT LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA

Will ascertain background, activities and associates of CARLOS BULOSAN relative to his assistance to the Philippine Huks.

SAN FRANCISCO FIELD OFFICE

AT SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA

Should determine the present activities and contacts of PEDRO HOLANDA, Riverbank, California, and through available sources determine if he is assisting the Huk movement in the Philippines.

WASHINGTON FIELD OFFICE

AT WASHINGTON, D. C.

Will maintain contact with available sources for additional information on this case.

Will review service record of PEDRO HOLANDA, and also check records of G-2 for information concerning HOLANDA.

REFERENCES: Bureau letter to Los Angeles dated April 6, 1951.
Los Angeles letter to Bureau dated May 14, 1951.
Bureau letter to CIA dated June 1, 1951.
Report of SA JAMES O. NEWPHER, Washington, D. C., dated June 1, 1951.
Report of SA MAHLON J. PRICE, Philadelphia, dated June 14, 1951.
San Francisco letter to Bureau dated June 30, 1951.

DIRECTOR, FBI
SAC, WFO

August 24, 1951

COMMUNIST ACTIVITIES IN PHILIPPINE ISLANDS
INTERNAL SECURITY - R
(Bufile 64-200-239)

Re: SA JAMES O. NEWPHER, Washington, D. C.,
dated August 24, 1951.

On August 7, 1951, [redacted]

[redacted] advised that
the only person he knows who might be associated with the
activities of CARLOS BULOAN is [redacted]

[redacted] also stated that [redacted] is in an
excellent position to know or learn about Filipino activities
on the West Coast and suggested that [redacted] could be contacted
for such information.

[redacted] described [redacted] as an intelligent, discreet
person, who can be taken into one's confidence. It was
[redacted] opinion that [redacted] would do everything within his
power to assist the Bureau in determining Filipino activities
detrimental to the interests of the United States.

Los Angeles should consider the advisability of
[redacted]

However, [redacted] should not be contacted without prior Bureau
approval.

JON:bar
105-1397
cc: Los Angeles (105-855)

105-855-8
AUG 27 1951
FBI - LOS ANGELES
C. J. [signature]
and

DIRECTOR, FBI

9/4/51

SAC, LOS ANGELES

COMMUNIST ACTIVITIES IN THE
PHILIPPINE ISLANDS
INTERNAL SECURITY - R
(Bufile 64-200-239)

Rerep SA JAMES O. NEWBERRY 8/24/51 at Washington Field, wherein
the Los Angeles Office is requested to ascertain background activities and
associates of CARLOS EULOSAN relative to his assistance to the Philippine
Huks.

Enclosed herewith are two copies of Los Angeles reports entitled
CARLOS EULOSAN (Los Angeles file 100-32735, Bufile 100-370327) SECURITY
MATTER - C, dated as follows: 1/30/51 and 5/19/51.

UACB, this matter is being considered RUC.

- RUC -

ALO:pmh
105-355
cc: Washington Field (105-1397)
Encl. 4

ful

105-855-9
~~105-855-7~~

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DATE 10-04-2011 BY 60324 uc baw sab/ml

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1

THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT **WASHINGTON FIELD**

FILE No. **105-855**

REPORT MADE AT LOS ANGELES	DATE WHEN MADE 9/7/51	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE 6/26;7/11;8/25,27,28/51	REPORT MADE BY ANATOLE N. OSSIPPOFF	PMI
TITLE COMMUNIST ACTIVITIES IN THE PHILIPPINE ISLANDS			CHARACTER OF CASE INTERNAL SECURITY - PI	

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:


HILARIO CAMINO MONCADO described by informants as a "racketeer" not interested in political affairs without personal gain. INS conducting deportation proceedings against MONCADO. A pamphlet entitled "Report to the Committee on Un-Filipino Activities" published by MONCADO in 1948 expresses anti-Communist and anti-Soviet ideologies. LARRY MOJICA PORTILLA located in Los Angeles. Informant advised PORTILLA is not active politically and is not member of Filipino Federation of America founded by MONCADO.

RUC -

DETAILS:

T-1, of known reliability, advised on August 28, 1951, that he is well acquainted with HILARIO CAMINO MONCADO and that he considers him to be a racketeer who is not interested in politics unless he can make financial gain as a result thereof. Informant considers MONCADO to be clever, but unscrupulous. Informant advised that all during his acquaintanceship with MONCADO the latter has bitterly fought Communism and is against the Hukbalahap movement in the Philippine Islands. Further, according to informant, MONCADO has professed strong Filipino nationalistic tendencies, but obviously prefers life in the United States. T-1 stated that MONCADO has never denied that he "weeds" Filipinos out of money.

Informant advised that on a recent occasion he learned that MONCADO

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LA 105-855

was facing deportation proceedings by the Immigration and Naturalization Service and that he expects to go to Canada or Mexico and possibly return to the United States legally following his stay at either of the above two places. T-1 stated that in view of the deportation proceedings MONCADO may be somewhat bitter against the United States and possibly vindictive, but that he probably would not take any personal action.

A review of Immigration and Naturalization Service file A-7513915 entitled HILARIO CAMINO MONCADO on July 11, 1951, reflected that MONCADO and his wife, DIANA TOY MONCADO, were subjects in deportation proceedings; and on April 20, 1951, it had been ordered that they be required to depart the United States without expense to the Government. A notice of appeal was filed on MONCADO's behalf within the time prescribed by regulation, and to that date no further action had been taken. Hearing records, exhibits, and related material in the deportation proceedings had been forwarded to the Central Office of Immigration and Naturalization Service on February 26, 1951.

On August 28, 1951, Investigator [] Immigration and Naturalization Service, Los Angeles, advised that MONCADO's appeal had been denied and that MONCADO and his wife, DIANA TOY MONCADO, had been ordered to depart from the United States at their own expense not later than thirty days from September 3, 1951.

[] further stated that the bill for the relief of MONCADO had been introduced in the House of Representatives, Washington, D.C., by a [] on August 15, 1951. This bill is No. HR-51759.

[] stated that [] had advised the Immigration Service that an application had been made to Canadian authorities to permit the MONCADOs to proceed to Canada and take up residence there. The above information as furnished by [] has been forwarded to Central Files of Immigration and Naturalization Service, according to []

T-2, of unknown reliability, advised in 1942 that Dr. HILARIO CAMINO MONCADO, Minister of the Filipino Federation, had been rumored in the past to be pro-Japanese. Informant stated that the organization always transacts all of its business behind closed doors, indicating that the organization, as well as other Filipino secret organizations, were organized for purely selfish reasons and that each of the secret federations is jealous of the other and is devoted to the exploiting of Filipino workers.

[redacted]
[redacted] Los Angeles, advised in 1942 that MONCADO's organization, the Filipino Federation of America, believes that MONCADO is taking the place of God and can do many things to advance the welfare of the individual Filipino. [redacted] indicated that the organization was founded in the early 1920s to assist the Filipinos to secure their independence and to advance the welfare of the individual members.

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[redacted] stated that [redacted] at Los Angeles and that the objectives of the Federation were as follows:

- (1) To promote friendly relations between Filipinos and Americans;
- (2) To develop true Christian fellowship;
- (3) To show the real humanitarian spirit by offering their moral, spiritual, and material aid and protection to their fellow beings; most especially to the fellow members of the Federation;
- (4) To advance the moral and social conduct of each member;
- (5) To foster the educational advancement of each member;
- (6) To respect the superiors and office-holders of the Federation;
- (7) To serve in any capacity for the further advancement of the Filipino Federation of America;
- (8) To be loyal to the Constitution of the Federation;
- (9) To peacefully obtain the immediate and complete independence of the Philippine Islands;
- (10) To work for a fair and truthful understanding of the relations between the United States and the Philippines;
- (11) To be an active agency of the solution of the Philippine problems;
- (12) To uphold the Constitution of the United States.

On May 19, 1950, while on an interview with MONCADO on another matter, SA VERN F. LOETTERLE was presented with a pamphlet by MONCADO. This pamphlet entitled "Report to the Committee on Un-Filipino Activities (CUFA) Congress of the Philippines, by the Filipino Crusaders World Army" and dated November 1, 1948, contains at the bottom of the cover page the following: "Five-Star General MONCADO, Supreme Commander-in-Chief, Filipino Crusaders World Army." Contents of the book reflect that MONCADO is anti-Communist and anti-Soviet. For example he states, "Communism destroys human freedom. Men and women dare not speak or even think freely;"

LA 105-855

and "Soviet Russia is the new rapacious monster of the world--more dangerous and vicious than defeated Italy, Germany, and Japan."

T-3, of known reliability, advised on August 25, 1951, that LARRY MOJICA PORTILLA was employed by the Don the Beachcomber Cafe, 1727 North McCadden Street, Hollywood, California, as head waiter and had been employed by that cafe since 1937. Personnel records at the above restaurant reflected that PORTILLA resided at 4116 Melrose Avenue, Los Angeles; that his Social Security Number was 569-12-8961; that he was born in Manila, Philippine Islands, March 13, 1907; and had been residing in the United States for seventeen years. Records further reflected that he had a brother, one NICK M. PORTILLA, residing at 1070 Ilex Avenue, Pacoima, California.

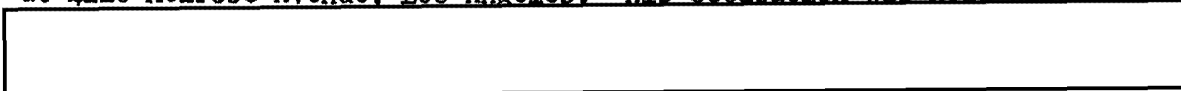
T-3 advised that PORTILLA earned approximately \$150 per week as a head waiter and had additional income by selling mint to the Hollywood Beachcomber Cafe, as well as to the Beachcomber Cafe in Chicago, Illinois. T-3 guessed that the additional income was between \$150 and \$200 a month.

T-4, of known reliability, advised that PORTILLA had made statements to the effect that he considered the Filipino Federation of America, headed by MONCADO, to be an organization based on religious beliefs and that it was in no way connected with the Hukbalahaps. According to this informant, PORTILLA had expressed the opinion that this organization was primarily engaged in obtaining funds for MONCADO himself, and that secondarily it aided Filipinos in the United States. He said that he was not now and never had been a member of this Federation.

Regarding the Hukbalahap movement in California, PORTILLA expressed the opinion that this movement is very weak and that if any Huks exist they would be among the Filipino laborers in the Imperial Valley, the San Joaquin Valley, and in and around Salinas, California.

PORTILLA told T-4 that he himself was very happy with his life in the United States and that he certainly could not agree with any of the Huk or Communist ideologies.

District Court Naturalization records, Los Angeles, reflected a petition for naturalization No. 132991 to have been filed by LAURO MOJICA PORTILLA on October 20, 1947. This petition reflected that PORTILLA resided at 4116 Melrose Avenue, Los Angeles. His occupation was head waiter and



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LA 105-855

[REDACTED] This petition further reflected that PORTILLA entered the United States at San Francisco on September 5, 1924, on the President TAFT. Alien registration number for PORTILLA was shown as 2130124. On April 23, 1948, petition was granted, and Certificate of Citizenship was issued to PORTILLA, No. 6739727. His first name was changed from LAURO to LARRY.

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- REFERRED UPON COMPLETION TO THE OFFICE OF ORIGIN -

LA 105-855

ADMINISTRATIVE

Informants

T-1: [redacted]
[redacted] who furnished information to SA ANATOLE N. OSSIPOFF on 8/28/51.

T-2: [redacted]
[redacted] as reflected in Los Angeles report of SA EDMUND D. MASON entitled "FILIPINO ACTIVITIES IN THE LOS ANGELES FIELD DIVISION" dated 5/22/42.

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T-3: [redacted]
[redacted] who furnished information to SA ANATOLE N. OSSIPOFF on 8/25/51.

T-4: In interview of LARRY MOJICA PORTILLA under suitable pretext by SA ANATOLE N. OSSIPOFF on 8/25/51.

REFERENCE: Report of SA JAMES O. NEWPHER dated 6/1/51.

DIRECTOR, FBI

September 27, 1951

SAC, LOS ANGELES

COMMUNIST ACTIVITIES IN THE PHILIPPINE
ISLANDS
INTERNAL SECURITY - R
(Bureau file 64-200-239)

Reference is made to Los Angeles letter to the Bureau with cc to Washington Field Office dated September 4, 1951, wherein it is stated that two copies of the Los Angeles reports entitled "Carlos Bulosan (Los Angeles file 100-32735, Bureau file 100-370827), SECURITY MATTER - C" dated as follows: January 30, 1951, May 19, 1951, were enclosed. These reports were inadvertently forwarded to the Bureau, a total of four reports having been mailed.

It is requested the Bureau forward two copies, one each, of the above mentioned to the Washington Field Office and return the other two to the Los Angeles Office.

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rec'd 9-27
ack'd 10-3
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ANO:RNB

105-855

cc: Washington Field Office (105-1397)

[Handwritten signature]

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105-855-11

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : SAC, Los Angeles (105-855)

DATE: September 28, 1951

FROM : Director, FBI

SUBJECT: COMMUNIST ACTIVITIES IN PHILIPPINE ISLANDS
INTERNAL SECURITY - R

Re WFOlet to Bureau dated August 24, 1951.

Records of the Institute of Pacific Relations, maintained at Sunset Farm, Lee, Massachusetts, were reviewed by Special Agents of the New York and Boston Offices from May 10, 1950, to June 2, 1950. The documents were reviewed with the express permission and cooperation of Edward C. Carter, former Secretary General of the International Secretariat, IPR, and also former Executive Secretary of the American IPR, Inc. The present Executive Secretary of the American IPR, also voluntarily authorized the review of these documents.

Among these records was a letter from Edward C. Carter to Frederick V. Field, American Council, Institute of Pacific Relations, Inc., 129 East 52nd Street, New York City, dated 9-28-36, in which the following appeared.

On Saturday I saw Doroteo Vite in Wash., where he is finishing his MA. thesis at G. W. U. on the "neutralization of the Philippines."

I think that Roy Veatch is right that he is a hard worker, honest and conscientious. He certainly wouldn't have worked his way through the Univ. of Calif. in L. A. and now through the graduate course of G. W. U. unless he had good resistance and a capacity for hard work.

I have told Veatch that I have no position for him on the Pacific Council staff. He is, however, well worth your watching, and if ever you are able to provide for a research fellowship on your staff for a Filipino, I believe you could render Vite and the Philippine people a great service by giving him a year of intensive training in your office.

Other correspondence among the records reflected that Roy Veatch, attached to the United States Department of State, was interested in getting a position for Doroteo Vite with the Institute of Pacific Relations. On September 11, 1935, Roy Veatch addressed a letter to William Lockwood of the IPR. In this letter he stated that he had engaged a Filipino student from George Washington University Graduate School to help him on a study and that the basic

cc - Washington Field Office (105-1397)
64-200-239

105-855-12

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FBI - LOS ANGELES	

work was completed. On July 15, 1936, Veatch addressed a letter to Lockwood in which he recommended Doroteo Vite, a Filipino who had just finished his Master's work at George Washington University and stated that Vite was thorough, dependable, honest and conscientious.

Letters to the FBI from the Embassy of the Philippines, Washington, D. C. in June, 1948, reflected that Doroteo Vite signed as Third Secretary and Vice Consul at the Embassy of the Philippines in Washington, D. C.

The Bureau's files do not reflect whether or not Vite was ever employed by the Institute of Pacific Relations.

The Los Angeles Office is requested to search its indices concerning Vite for any information in its files concerning him and advise whether it desires to develop Vite as a source of information. The Bureau will then consider obtaining clearance from the State Department to contact him.

Director, FBI

October 2, 1951

SAC, Los Angeles

COMMUNIST ACTIVITIES IN
PHILIPPINE ISLANDS
INTERNAL SECURITY - R

ReBulet 9/28/51.

Files of the Los Angeles Office reflect no information identifiable with

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The Los Angeles Office desires to contact to determine if he qualifies as a source of information.

The Bureau is requested to obtain appropriate clearance from the State Department for this purpose.

FDC:mtv
105-855
cc: Washington Field (105-1397)

[Handwritten signature]

Cal

105-855-13

FD-73
(1-10-49)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

FORM No. 1

THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT

WASHINGTON FIELD OFFICE

FILE NO.

REPORT MADE AT SEATTLE, WASHINGTON	DATE WHEN MADE OCT 20 1951	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE 9/9,21,25,26;10/25,7/51	REPORT MADE BY JOSEPH P. MAC FARLAND js
TITLE COMMUNIST ACTIVITIES IN THE PHILIPPINE ISLANDS <i>105-855*</i> <i>105-0-3277</i> <i>66-0</i> <i>100-00-745</i>			CHARACTER OF CASE INTERNAL SECURITY - R
SYNOPSIS OF FACTS: <i>Bur. Bul. #63 - Series 1950-Nov. 16, 1950</i> Deportation proceedings instituted by U. S. Immigration and Naturalization Service against C. D. MANSALVAS, ERNESTO MANGAOANG, and GEORGE DUMLAO, in that it appeared that the said aliens were members of an organization or association which teaches the overthrow by force or violence of the Government of the United States. Personal history of referred to individuals set forth. No evidence developed of Huk activities in Seattle, Wash.			
- P -			
DETAILS: <u>AT SEATTLE, WASHINGTON</u> An examination of the files of the U. S. Immigration and Naturalization Service at Seattle, Washington, reveals that on August 31, 1949 CRIS MANSALVAS was served with a warrant of arrest, which warrant states that "From evidence it appears MANSALVAS entered this country at San Francisco during 1927 and has been found in violation of the Immigration laws and is subject to deportation pursuant to the following provisions of law and for the following reasons, to wit: "The act of October 16, 1918 as amended in that he was after entry a member of the following class, set forth in Section 1 of said act . . . an alien who was a member of an organization, association, society or group that advises, advocates or teaches the overthrow by force or violence of the Government of the United States, and the act of October 16, 1918, as amended, in that he was after			
APPROVED AND FORWARDED:	SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES	
COPIES OF THIS REPORT 6 - Bureau (64-200-239) 2 - San Francisco (105-882) 2 - Washington Field (105-1397) 1 - Los Angeles (Info.) 2 - Seattle (105-286) 2 - Portland		<i>105-855-14</i> SEARCHED <i>js</i> INDEXED <i>js</i> SERIALIZED <i>js</i> FILED <i>js</i> OCT 22 1951 FBI - LOS ANGELES	

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SE 105-286

entry a member of the following class, set forth in Section 1 of said act; an alien who is a member of an organization, association, society or group that writes, circulates, distributes, prints, publishes or displays any written or printed matter advising, advocating or teaching the overthrow by force or violence of the Government of the United States."

Similar charges were filed against ~~ERNESTO~~ ARCEBAL MANGAOANG, who was served with a warrant of arrest on June 28, 1949, and a similar charge was filed against GEORGE Dumlao, otherwise known as JORGE MENDOZA Dumlao, who was served with a warrant of arrest on November 1, 1949 and ordered deported on January 16, 1951.

The files of the U. S. Immigration Service reveal that CRIS MANSALVAS was born at San Miguel, Pangasian, Philippine Islands, on June 21, 1909, he being the son of MAT and MARGARET DE LARNO MANSALVAS, both natives of the Philippine Islands. His alien registration number is given as 5414399, and his Social Security Number is set forth as 573-10-3815. It appears that MANSALVAS attended for a brief period Southwestern University, California Christian College and Los Angeles City College, Los Angeles, California.

MANSALVAS entered the United States through the port of Victoria, B. C., on July 10, 1907, aboard the SS Empress of Russia. The records failed to reveal at what port or place of entry MANSALVAS came into the United States. He arrived in the United States under the name of CRISPULO MENSALVAG.

The files of the U. S. Immigration and Naturalization Service revealed that ERNESTO ARCEBAL MANGAOANG, also known as ERNESTO ARCEBAL MANAOANG, and as ERNESTO MANANOUNG, was born in the Philippine Islands on February 22, 1902, at LaUnion, he being the son of SANTIAGO and JUNA MANGAOANG, both natives of the Philippine Islands. He attended high school at LaUnion, Philippine Islands, and from 1930 to 1934 he attended the Northwest School of Commerce at Portland, Oregon. He entered the United States Army on October 16, 1942, and was discharged therefrom because of being overage on March 20, 1943. On July 18, 1934, MANGAOANG was arrested by the Sheriff's Office at Portland, Oregon, charged with syndicalism.

MANGAOANG's alien registration number is 3195603. His Social Security Number is 544-03-2960, and his FBI number is 3187836.

The files of the U. S. Immigration and Naturalization Service reveal that ~~JORGE~~ MENDOZA Dumlao arrived at Vancouver, B. C., on April 5, 1926. The records are silent as to the port of entry into

SE 105-286

the United States. He was born at Sta Maria Illocos Sur, Philippine Islands, April 23, 1904. DUMLAO resides at 219 Northwest 3rd Avenue, Portland, Oregon.

CRIS MANSALVAS and ERNESTO MANGAOANG, from information furnished by T-1, T-2 and T-3, of known reliability, have been active in the Communist Party in Seattle, Washington, for a great many years. T-2 advises that at the present time MANSALVAS and MANGAOANG continue their activity in the Northwest Committee for the Protection of the Foreign Born, which is the Seattle Branch of the American Committee for the Protection of the Foreign Born, which is on the Attorney General's list of subversive organizations.

T-3 has advised that MANSALVAS and MANGAOANG, from April 1938 through 1946 and perhaps later have been active in the Cannery Branch of the Communist Party, which branch is made up of the Filipino members of what is now known as Local 7-C, International Longshoremen and Warehousemen's Union. Local 7-C, ILWU, is the successor organization to the United Agricultural, Cannery and Packing House Workers of America, CIO, which is now defunct.

The case against MANSALVAS and MANGAOANG, as well as against DUMLAO, is based upon their Communist Party activities in the Cannery Workers Branch thereof.

MANSALVAS up until the early part of 1951 was president of Local 7-C, ILWU. The position of president has been discontinued and all business of the said local is now conducted by the business agent thereof in the person of ERNESTO MANGAOANG.

KENNETH WINSLOW HOWARD and [redacted] were in Seattle, Washington, during 1949, during which period KENNETH WINSLOW HOWARD was the international representative of the now defunct United Agricultural, Cannery and Packing House Workers of America.

T-4, of known reliability, and T-1 have advised that KENNETH and [redacted] were active in the affairs of the Northwest Committee for the Protection of the Foreign Born. T-1 has reported [redacted] in attendance at meetings of the Waterfront Section of the Communist Party, which were held in the Howard Building in Seattle, Washington. At the present time, KENNETH WINSLOW HOWARD and [redacted]
[redacted]

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While in Seattle, Washington, KENNETH HOWARD acted as treasurer of the Northwest Committee for the Protection of the Foreign Born.

SE 105-286

On August 22, 1949 KENNETH WINSLOW HOWARD came to the attention of this office by reason of the fact that his name appeared on a letterhead of the Northwest Committee for the Protection of the Foreign Born.

On the afternoon of August 7, 1949, the Waterfront Section of the Communist Party at Seattle, Washington, held an open-air meeting at the corner of Washington and Occidental Streets. The principal speaker at this meeting was KENNETH WINSLOW HOWARD. In his talk on this occasion HOWARD stated that the United States is unfair in its efforts to deport certain aliens because of said aliens' political views. Subject was observed at this meeting by T-6, of known reliability.

On December 6, 1949, T-1 advised that on the night of December 2, 1949 a meeting of the secretaries of the Waterfront Section of the Communist Party was held at the home of [REDACTED] KENNETH WINSLOW HOWARD was in attendance at this meeting.

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On February 20, 1950, KENNETH WINSLOW HOWARD and [REDACTED] left Seattle, Washington, to return to [REDACTED]

T-7, of known reliability, advised that he was a former member of the Cannery Branch of the Communist Party; that he is acquainted with MANSALVAS, MANGAOANG and DURLAO; that he has no information indicating that any of the three persons just mentioned are now or have in the past been identified in any activity in the way of helping the Huk movement, in the Philippine Islands. He stated that if MANGAOANG, MANSALVAS or DURLAO had been active around Seattle, Washington, in any work in aid of the Huk movement in the Philippine Islands he would have heard about such activity.

T-7 stated that the Philippino community in Seattle, Washington, is divided and because of such division everything that goes on in the community is known to both of the Filipino sections. For a number of years this witness states he has openly fought the Communist Party and Communist Party activity upon the part of Filipinos in Seattle, Washington.

T-7 is most certain that if MANGAOANG, DURLAO or MANSALVAS were doing anything to aid or assist the Huk movement in the Philippine Islands he would know about it. It might be stated here that this witness because of his dislike for MANGAOANG, MANSALVAS and DURLAO would make any information he possessed concerning them available.

SE 105-286

T-3 was interviewed, and he advised that for a number of years he has been active in the Filipino Cannery Workers Union; that he is well acquainted with MANGAOANG, MANSALVAS and DUMLAO; that MANSALVAS, MANGAOANG and DUMLAO are Communists; that they always followed the Communist Party line in their union activity; that he has no use for MANGAOANG, MANSALVAS or DUMLAO: that he has never heard it said that either of the three just mentioned are now or have been engaged in any activity in furtherance of the Huk movement in the Philippine Islands; that if the three just mentioned were active in behalf of the Huks in this country he would know about it; that the only thing that he knows is that recently MANGAOANG published an article in the "People's World" in support of the Huk movement; that he does not know the date of the particular issue of the "People's World" in which this article appeared; and that he is certain that there is no organized activity in the Filipino community in behalf of the Huk movement in Seattle, Washington.

T-8, of known reliability, was interviewed, and he stated that he is well acquainted with MANGAOANG, MANSALVAS and DUMLAO; that they were officers of the United Agricultural, Cannery and Packing House Workers of America, CIO, which is now defunct; that the three just mentioned always followed the Communist Party line in their union activity; that the three Filipinos just mentioned are enemies of his in that they continually fought him while he was an officer fighting the Communist element in the United Agricultural, Cannery and Packing House Workers of America; that no information has come to his attention indicating that MANGAOANG, MANSALVAS and DUMLAO have in the past or are at present engaged in any activity in support of the Huk movement in the Philippine Islands. This informant advises that he is certain that if there was any organized effort in the Filipino community in Seattle, Washington, in support of the Huk movement he would be aware of such activity.

T-9, of known reliability, was interviewed, and he advised that he is well acquainted with MANGAOANG, MANSALVAS and DUMLAO; that he was acquainted with them when he and they were members of the United Agricultural, Cannery and Packing House Workers of America, CIO, now defunct; that MANGAOANG, MANSALVAS and DUMLAO in their union activity always followed the Communist Party line; that MANGAOANG, MANSALVAS and DUMLAO always opposed him in the said union; that he does not care for MANGAOANG, MANSALVAS or DUMLAO, and they do not care for him; that he has not heard it said nor does he know that DUMLAO, MANSALVAS or MANGAOANG are engaging in any activities in support of the Huk movement in the Philippine Islands. This informant states that if there was any organized movement among the Filipinos in Seattle, Washington, in support of the Huk movement in the Philippine Islands he would be aware of such activity.

SE 105-286

T-10, of known reliability, was interviewed, and he stated that he was a former member of the Cannery Branch of the Communist Party; that he was acquainted with MANSALVAS, MANGAOANG and DUMLAO while a member of this branch of the Communist Party; that DUMLAO, MANSALVAS and MANGAOANG were members of the Cannery Branch of the Communist Party; that he was closely associated with the three Filipinos just mentioned in the United Agricultural, Cannery and Packing House Workers of America, CIO, now defunct; that they continually followed the Communist Party line in their union activity; that the referred to three Filipinos do not like him and he does not like them; that he has received no information indicating that MANGAOANG, MANSALVAS or DUMLAO have in the past or are at present engaged in any activity in support of the Huk movement in the Philippine Islands, nor has any information come to his attention indicating that there is any activity among the Filipinos in Seattle in support of the Huk movement.

T-11, of known reliability, was interviewed and he stated that he was acquainted with MANGAOANG, MANSALVAS and DUMLAO while they were officers and active in the United Agricultural, Cannery and Packing House Workers of America, CIO, now defunct; that they followed the Communist Party line in their union activity; that he is not a friend of any of them; that he has never heard it said that any of them are now or have in the past been active in support of the Huk movement in the Philippine Islands. This informant relates that if there was any activity in behalf of the Huks in Seattle, Washington, he would be aware of such activity.

All of the above sources of information were interrogated as to any knowledge upon their part of any activity by KENNETH and [redacted] in support of the Huk movement, and these informants have no information relative thereto.

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- P E N D I N G -

SE 105-286

INFORMANTS

T-1: [] who furnished information to SA JOSEPH P. MacFARLAND, December 6, 1949. b7D

T-2: [] who furnished information to SA JOSEPH P. MacFARLAND., on September 25, 1951. b7D

T-3: [] who furnished information to SA JOSEPH P. MacFARLAND on September 26, 1951. b6
b7C
b7D

T-4: [] who furnished information to SA WILLIAM C. TOWER. b7D

T-5: Not used.

T-6: SA GEORGE H. ASDELL, made observation August 7, 1949. b6
b7C
b7D

T-7: [] who furnished information to SA JOSEPH P. MacFARLAND, on 9/27/51. b6
b7C
b7D

T-8: [] who furnished information to SA JOSEPH P. MacFARLAND, on 9/26/51. b6
b7C
b7D

T-9: [] who furnished information to SA JOSEPH P. MAC FARLAND on 9/25/51. b6
b7C
b7D

T-10: [] who furnished information to SA JOSEPH P. MacFARLAND on September 27, 1951. b6
b7C
b7D

T-11: [] who furnished information to SA JOSEPH P. MAC FARLAND on September 21, 1950. b6
b7C
b7D

LEADS

THE SEATTLE OFFICE

Will endeavor to locate the articles prepared by ERNESTO MANGAOANG for the "People's World" espousing the Huk movement in the Philippine Islands.

SE 105-286

THE SAN FRANCISCO OFFICE

The San Francisco Office will furnish complete background information concerning KENNETH WINSLOW HOWARD and [REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

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The San Francisco Office will interview [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] for such information as he can supply concerning activity among the Filipinos in support of the Huk movement on the West Coast of the United States.

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THE PORTLAND OFFICE

Will furnish complete background information on GEORGE DURLAO and will determine if there is any organized effort upon the part of the Filipinos to help the Huk movement.

REFERENCE: Report of SA JAMES O. NEWPHER, dated Washington, D. C., August 24, 1951.

Director, FBI (100-370827)

October 26, 1951

SAC, Los Angeles

CARLOS BULOSAN
SECURITY MATTER - C

Remylet dated October 2, 1951 to the Bureau with
cc to Washington Field, entitled COMMUNIST ACTIVITIES IN
PHILIPPINE ISLANDS, INTERNAL SECURITY - R.

Relet advises there is no identifiable information
concerning [] in the files of the Los Angeles Office
and clearance of the Bureau was requested to contact []

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In connection with the investigation of subject
BULOSAN it is desired to interview the Filipino Consul
[] [] has previously contacted the
Assistant Agent in Charge of this office in connection with
a dinner at which both the ASAC and [] were present, and
at that time indicated a desire to cooperate with this office
in any way possible. The indices of this office contain no
derogatory information on []

The Bureau is therefore requested to obtain
appropriate clearance for interviewing of [] in addition
to []

The Bureau is further requested through appropriate
means to arrange to interview AL VALENCIA, Associated Press
Representative in Manila, Philippine Islands, and to identify
and interview the columnist for the Manila Chronicle who
accompanied [] to the Japanese Peace Conference
recently held in San Francisco, California. It is noted
that this columnist has stated that subject BULOSAN is
connected with the Hukbalahap movement in the Philippines
and that both of these individuals have knowledge of subject's
activities.

HEW:LENT

100-32735

cc: Washington Field (105-1397)

(105-855) Communist Activities in Philippine Islands)

Auth

105-855-15

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : SAC, Los Angeles (105-855)

DATE: October 29, 1951

FROM : Director, FBI (105-855-200-239)

SUBJECT: COMMUNIST ACTIVITIES IN THE PHILIPPINE ISLANDS
INTERNAL SECURITY - R & PI

Reurlet October 2, 1951.

You are advised that State Department clearance has
been obtained for your office to contact [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] to determine if he qualifies as a
source of information.

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This contact should be handled by a mature agent who
is experienced in conducting security investigations.

cc - Washington Field Office (105-1397)

105-855-16

SEARCHED <i>99</i>	INDEXED <i>99</i>
SERIALIZED <i>nr</i>	FILED <i>af</i>
NOV - 1 1951	
FBI - LOS ANGELES	

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Handle



FD-71
(7-30-45)



**Federal Bureau of Investigation
United States Department of Justice**

IN REPLY, PLEASE REFER TO

FILE NO. _____

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 10-04-2011 BY 60324 uc baw sab/ml

COMPLAINT FORM

~~X~~ John Rodriguez
Subject's Name and Aliases
~~X~~ Jan Szorka

Not known
Address of Subject
Internal Security - R
Character of Case

~~X~~ Richard Garde Ballou
Name of Complainant
2270 Brentford Road San Marino
Address of Complainant
At 2 7830
Telephone Number of Complainant
Nov 8 1951
Date and Time Complaint Received

DESCRIPTION OF SUBJECT:

FACTS OF COMPLAINT: Ballou said that he was Radio Information Officer for Armed Forces
Radio Service, 1016 North McCadden Place, Los Angeles. He said that he had prepared
a radio program concerning General Moncado of the Philippines and then in the
course of further research had developed or learned from various sources such as
newspapers, magazines, and interviews the following:

Charges against General Moncado were filed in 1945 by Modesto Farolan.

Serigo Osmena is the son of the President of the Philippines

John Lacerda wrote an article on Moncado in Saturday Evening Post on Mar 8 1947.

John Rodriguez told Ballou that he had been a Communist for 9 or 10 years and
that he was a member of the CP in LA and then went back to the Philippines in 1947.

ACTION RECOMMENDED BY AGENT:

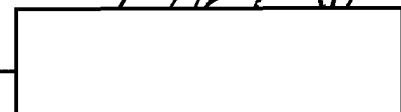
over

105-855-17

SEARCHED	INDEXED
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FBI - LOS ANGELES	

[Handwritten signatures and initials over the stamp]

org. 58-171



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b7c

John Rodriguez was again the LA in 1948 collecting funds for the Huks movement. Rodriguez got Communist money in the Philippines to return to LA. There are 100,000 members of the Moncadistas on the Pacific Coast. Serigo Quirino is associated with Osmena and may be the same person. Jan Szorka hangs around the Biltmore Hotel and has a home in Beverly Hills. Is Russian payoff man.

Rodriguez on Nov 3, 1951 offered Ballou \$13000 to ~~forget~~ shut up and not write the story concerning Communist influence in the Philippines and LA and so that Szorka's name would not appear.

On Nov 7, 1951 at 9:45 pm Ballou received a telephone call at his unlisted home number and a man said for him to layoff the Moncado buildup.

On Nov 8, 1951 Ballou walked out of his house at 9 am and heard the sound of a shot and fell to the ground. Ballou said the bullet knocked off a couple of branches of a tree in front of his house. Coupe was across the street.

Ballou was also interviewed by SA N Ossiopoff and it was suggested to him that he write the story of what he knew up in full. Also told him that matter of protection was for PD and for him to contact them if further trouble. Advised that we could not protect. Suggested that if later contact that he endeavor to get more information said

Chief of Police of San Marino phoned on Nov 9, 1951 and that Ballou was in on night of Nov 8 1951 and wanted gun permit. Chief wondered why Ballou had not reported firing of shot at him. Chief said he could smell alcohol on Ballou's breath.

Mrs Hope C Ballou, wife of Ballou, came in with him and returned on Nov 9, 1951 with attached writeup. She works for First Federal Savings and Loan Association of Altadena and appears to be a well balanced woman. She was asked if Ballou drank much and said that he did take wine and she thot that he had a little too much when he came in on the afternoon of Nov 8. It was noted that the smell of alcohol was strong when he was in. She said that her husband was a very talented man in radio and music and script work. She said that he had been sick about a week and unable to retain food and was highly nervous and temperental. He is forty years of age. They have two children, ages 13 and 9.

The Ballous drive a 1947 Mercury Blue-Green Sedan Coupe License 5 N 64373.

Clifford A Frink, Lieutenant Colonel United States Army, and Major Everett Reed, US Air Force, called on Nov 9th and said that they were concerned about retaining Ballou in his position which was a responsible one. They were informed that we had not investigated the matter and might not do so. They were told that that we had not and could not offer protection to Ballou and that was matter for San Marino PD. They wanted access to information supplied by Ballou but were told this was matter for Liaison Agent and would have to go through the proper channels. Major Reed said that Ballou was a very intelligent person and had a considerable background but that other incidents had arisen concerning him which coupled with this made them feel that he had better be replaced. Reed said that Ballou had been engaged in auto accident on last Sat night and had been on sick leave all week but was due back on Monday.

SAC, Philadelphia (105-614)

December 7, 1951

Director, FBI (64-200-239)

COMMUNIST ACTIVITIES IN THE PHILIPPINE ISLANDS
INTERNAL SECURITY - PI

Reference is made to the report of SA Paul M. Gibson dated 11-9-51 at Philadelphia in the captioned matter. A separate investigative report should be submitted on Cosme Portilla, mentioned therein.

The attention of the San Francisco Office is directed to the report of SA [redacted] dated 1-1-51 at San Francisco in the captioned matter. It is requested that the San Francisco Office submit a separate investigative report on Nikolai Prokushkin, mentioned therein. In addition, the San Francisco Office should submit a separate investigative report on Ames Ogden Stewart, mentioned in the report of SA [redacted] dated 2-1-51 at San Francisco.

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In the future nine copies of reports in the captioned matter should be furnished to the Bureau.

Whenever sufficient derogatory information is reported concerning any individual or organization under the above caption, an individual case file should be opened and detailed information concerning that individual or organization reported in the individual case file.

All offices receiving copies of this letter should review their files in the captioned matter without delay to insure that separate case files have been opened where appropriate.

CC - Boston
Chicago (105-552)
Honolulu (100-5354)
Los Angeles (105-855)
Miami (105-356)
New Haven (100-13617)
New Orleans (105-336)
New York (100-80917)
Portland
San Francisco (105-222)
Seattle (105-288)
Washington Field (105-1337)

Not opened 1-51
105-855-18

SEARCHED.....	INDEXED.....
SERIALIZED.....	FILED.....
DEC 12 1951	
FBI - LOS ANGELES	

WFO mjr T 1/30/52
Amgr
Review & advise PW results then close

Director, FBI

December 14, 1951

SAC, Los Angeles (58-171)

JOHN RODRIGUEZ
JAN SZORKA
BRIBERY

RICHARD G. BALLOU, 2270 Brentford Road, San Marino, California, presently employed as a night supervisor for the Armed Forces Radio Service, 1016 North McCadden Place, Los Angeles, appeared at the Los Angeles Office and advised that recently he had been preparing a radio program concerning one "Five Star General HILARIO CAMINO MONCADO, L.L.D., Commander in Chief, C.A. Philippine Guerrillas (1941 to 1945), Founder and Supreme President of the Filipino Federation of America."

In the course of this research BALLOU stated that he had developed the following from various sources, such as newspapers, magazines, and interviews:

1. On April 26, 1946, one General MODESTO FAROLAN filed charges against General MONCADO as a collaborationist and that FAROLAN's recall and the dropping of these charges were initiated by the Veterans of Foreign Wars (Certification, New York Times, January 10, 1948, Page 2).
2. That one SERIGO OSMENA, JR., the son of the President of the Philippines, also accused as a collaborationist is presently in Los Angeles actively collaborating in the cause of the HUCKS.
3. That OSMENA is aided by the aforementioned FAROLAN and one JOHN or JUAN RODRIGUEZ.
4. That one JOHN LACERDA, author of an Anti-MONCADO article in the Saturday Evening Post, March 8, 1947, is often seen in the company of one JAN SZORKA, "a payoff man for the 'Commies'." BALLOU alleged he had seen, with his own eyes, the transmission of money from SZORKA to RODRIGUEZ and OSMENA.
5. That JOHN RODRIGUEZ told BALLOU he had been a Communist for nine or ten years, was a member of the Communist Party in Los Angeles and had gone back to the Philippines in 1947.

VFL:man
cc: 105-855

mm

105-855-19

6. That JOHN RODRIGUEZ was again in Los Angeles in 1948, collecting funds for the HUCKS movement, and that RODRIGUEZ obtained Communist money in the Philippines to return to Los Angeles.
7. That there are 100,000 members of the "MONCADISTAS" on the Pacific Coast.

BALLOU then related the story that, at about 7:00 P.M. on November 3, 1951, while having supper in the Milani Cafe, near Santa Monica and Highland Boulevard in Los Angeles, he was visited by JOHN RODRIGUEZ who then offered him \$1,000 per week for a period of thirteen weeks on the condition that he curtail his Anti-Communist activities and further threatening that if he did not forget the name SZORKA, BALLOU's wife would visit him at Utter-McKinley (a local funeral parlor). BALLOU stated he refused this offer and maintained a resolute silence, until the night of November 7, 1951 when he stated he received an anonymous telephone call at his home, requesting him to "lay off" the MONCADO buildup. Thereafter, BALLOU related on the morning of November 8, 1951, as he walked out of his house he heard the sound of a shot, whereupon he fell to the ground. BALLOU stated the bullet knocked a couple of branches off a tree in front of his house, having been fired from a distance of about fifteen feet from behind a parked coupe which contained one male occupant at the driver's seat.

At the time of BALLOU's appearance at the Los Angeles Office, he was interviewed by SA ANATOLE N. OSSIPOFF and was advised that the Bureau could furnish him no protection and that if such was desired it would have to be obtained from the local police department. It was further suggested to BALLOU at this time that he report the alleged shooting to the San Marino Police Department. It was noted at the time of the interview that the smell of alcohol was very strong on BALLOU's breath.

Chief of Police GLEN MCCLUNG, San Marino Police Department, subsequently advised that BALLOU had contacted him and informed of the alleged shooting and had tried to obtain a gun permit. Chief MCCLUNG wondered why BALLOU had not reported the shooting immediately. Chief MCCLUNG also noted that he could smell alcohol on BALLOU's breath at the time.

Mrs. HOPE C. BALLOU, wife of BALLOU, subsequently appeared at the Los Angeles Office and furnished a typewritten summary, which BALLOU had prepared under the caption "Pertinent Facts Concerning Espionage in the Immediate Los Angeles Area, Covering the Period of 1951." At this time Mrs. BALLOU was asked if BALLOU drank to excess, and she stated that he did drink wine and it was her opinion that he had a little too much at the time he furnished his story to the Los Angeles Office. She stated that her husband was a very talented man in radio and music script work but that he had been sick about a week, was unable to retain food and was highly nervous and tempermental. She advised that BALLOU was 40 years of age and that they have two children, ages 13 and 9.

CLIFFORD A. FRINK, Lieutenant Colonel, U. S. Army, and Major EVERETT REED, U. S. Air Force, contacted the Los Angeles Office in regard to BALLOU's story. They stated they were concerned about retaining BALLOU in his position, which was a responsible one. Major REED stated BALLOU was a very intelligent person and had a considerable background, but that other incidents had arisen recently which, coupled with this one, made them feel he had better be replaced.

Commander DAVIS LOTT, the A.F.R.S., also contacted the Los Angeles Office and advised that he intended to send BALLOU to the Veterans Administration Hospital at Sawtelle for a two weeks period for observation. LOTT indicated at the time that, in view of BALLOU's recent activities, it appeared that he was under a severe mental strain. Commander LOTT was subsequently reinterviewed, at which time he advised that as far as he could determine BALLOU's story was a figment of his imagination. LOTT stated that there were numerous discrepancies in BALLOU's story, especially when BALLOU stated the individual, known as RODRIGUEZ, had reportedly quoted to BALLOU his correct pay grade, Civil Service status, home address, and private unlisted telephone number. Further, LOTT stated the term "13 weeks" was a common one in the radio business, since radio contracts are drawn up on 13, 26, or 52 weeks base. LOTT felt this also tended to show BALLOU's story of the offer of \$1,000 per week for 13 weeks was his own idea. LOTT advised also that they had checked BALLOU's home since if the shot was fired in the manner described by BALLOU it would have had to hit his home and a close inspection revealed no trace of any bullet marks on the side of the house.

LA 58-171

Commander LOTT was asked the nature of BALLOU's duties with the A.F.R.S., in order to determine whether BALLOU's official duties included the gathering and reporting of such information as previously set forth. LOTT advised that BALLOU was a night supervisor at the A.F.R.S., having charge of the short wave broadcasting during the night. He stated these duties included nothing of this nature and definitely did not require him to gather such information. LOTT stated BALLOU had recently been employed by station KMPC, Los Angeles, on a program "Our America" but had been fired from this job, possibly because of his drinking.

LOTT advised also that he had received a preliminary report from the Public Health Service who examined BALLOU and the indication was that BALLOU was of sound mind although he had apparently been under a nervous strain.

The Los Angeles indices contained no information identifiable with JOHN RODRIGUEZ and JAN SZORKA. In view of the extreme doubt as to the veracity of the information furnished by BALLOU, and since there has been no violation of the bribery or extortion statutes no further action is being taken in this matter by the Los Angeles Office.

~~SECRET~~

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

SECURITY MATTER-~~SECRET~~EXEMPTED FROM AUTOMATIC
DECLASSIFICATION
AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:

FORM NO. 1

THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT WASHINGTON FIELD

FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
EXEMPTION CODE 25X(1)
DATE 10-21-2011

REPORT MADE AT WASHINGTON, D.C. JAN	DATE WHEN MADE 5 1952	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE 10/2,5;11/26; 12/11,12/51	REPORT MADE BY JAMES O. NEWPHER JON:CJD
TITLE COMMUNIST ACTIVITIES IN THE PHILIPPINE ISLANDS			CHARACTER OF CASE INTERNAL SECURITY-PI

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT
WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE

Informants advise CARLOS BULOSAN,
123 North Manhattan Place, Los Angeles,
reportedly a Communist and in contact
with HUK leaders in the Philippines.

[redacted] of CARLOS, also
reported to have gone to Philippines and
contacted HUKS. [redacted]

[redacted] according to informant.
CATHERINE PORTER, 2430 Pennsylvania Avenue,
NW, Washington, D.C., employed by Institute
of Pacific Relations from 1926-1944 and was
member of Institute as of 1948; also em-
ployed by State Department as of 1948.
Background information re NICKOLAI PROKUSHKIN
set out.

- P -

DETAILS: AT WASHINGTON, D.C.

CARLOS BULOSAN

CARLOS BULOSAN, 123 North Manhattan Place, Los Angeles,
California, is a free lance writer and was born April 12, 1912,
at Binaconn, Pangasinan, Philippine Islands. He is not a natural-
ized citizen of the United States.

APPROVED AND FORWARDED:	SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES	
COPIES OF THIS REPORT 9-Bureau (64-200-239) 2-Los Angeles (105-855) 2-Philadelphia (105-614) 2-San Francisco (105-882) (Enc.) 3-Washington Field (105-1397)		105-855-20	SEARCHED INDEXED SERIALIZED FILED JAN 8 1952 FBI - LOS ANGELES

PROPERTY OF FBI - This confidential report and its contents are loaned to you by the
FBI and are not to be distributed outside of agency to which loaned.

~~SECRET~~SECURITY MATTER-~~SECRET~~

amended pages inserted. See Ser. 25.2

~~SECRET~~

WFO 105-1397

On October 31, 1942, Confidential Informant T-1, of known reliability, advised that BULOSAN was reportedly a Communist and was active among Filipino groups. T-1 added that [redacted] was also a "rabid Communist."

On September 9, 1950, Confidential Informant T-2, of known reliability, advised that CARLOS BULOSAN was present at a social affair sponsored by the Northwest Committee for the Protection of the Foreign Born. T-2 advised that this Northwest Committee was a branch of the American Committee for the Protection of the Foreign Born (ACPFB) in the northwest section of the United States.

This social affair was held at the home of [redacted] in whose home the subject resided while he was in [redacted]. Concerning [redacted] on May 17, 1949, furnished a signed statement to officials of the United States Immigration and Naturalization Service at Seattle, identifying [redacted] as being a member of the Cannery Workers Branch of the Communist Party during 1938 and 1939. [redacted] stated he observed [redacted] present at meetings of the Cannery Branch of the CP during 1938 and 1939 in Seattle, Washington.

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[redacted] in a signed statement to officials of the Immigration and Naturalization Service at Seattle, Washington, on June 3, 1949, also identified [redacted] as being in attendance in CP meetings in Seattle.

T-2 has advised that during 1949 and 1950 [redacted] was observed by him to attend many meetings sponsored by the Northwest Committee for the Protection of the Foreign Born.

The ACPFB has been cited by the Attorney General of the United States as coming within the purview of Executive Order 9835.

In October, 1950, Confidential Informant T-3, of known reliability, advised that CARLOS BULOSAN, under the name of "JULIE", had written to AMADO V. HERNANDEZ, Manila City Councilor and President of the Philippine Congress of Labor Organizations, and the letter reflected collaboration between HERNANDEZ and BULOSAN in connection with the preparation of Communist propaganda for subsequent publication in periodicals in the Philippines.

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WFO 105-1397

On November 8, 1950, Confidential Informant T-4, of known reliability, advised he had known CARLOS BULOSAN for a number of years and that BULOSAN had [redacted]

[redacted] According to T-4, [redacted] went to the Philippines several years ago and was supposed to have contacted the HUKS as a representative of some unknown organization in Los Angeles. According to T-4, the HUKS are infiltrated by Filipino Communist Party members in the Philippines and are led by LOUIS TARUC.

On May 17, 1951, Confidential Informant T-5, of unknown reliability, advised that CARLOS BULOSAN had stated that he (BULOSAN) was in contact with LOUIS TARUC, HUK leader in the Philippines, and that he contemplated in getting an original signed message from TARUC which BULOSAN planned on publishing in the Philippine press in the United States.

On May 29, 1951, T-5 advised that BULOSAN had stated that he, BULOSAN, knew every Filipino Communist on the West Coast of the United States. BULOSAN also stated that he wanted the informant to join "the world movement" and while talking, drew a large letter "C" on the table. On May 30, 1951, T-5 advised that BULOSAN had a dinner party at his home and [redacted] was among those in attendance. According to the informant, the evening was spent in discussing [redacted] a scenario writer.

Concerning [redacted] Confidential Informant T-6, of known reliability, advised on April 24, 1951, that she had been a member of the Communist Party in Los Angeles from 1938 to 1945. In the spring of 1947, Confidential Informant T-7, of known reliability, advised that [redacted] had been dropped from the Los Angeles County CP because of illness.

Concerning [redacted] Confidential Informant T-8, of known reliability, who was a member of the CP from 1938 to 1945 in the Hollywood Cultural Section, advised that [redacted] was also a member of this section.

On October 16, 1951, T-4 advised that he considered BULOSAN to be a Communist but added that BULOSAN had engaged in no Communist activities that he knew of. Informant stated that it was common knowledge in the Philippine Colony in Los Angeles that BULOSAN was a Communist.

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~~SECRET~~

WFO 105-1397



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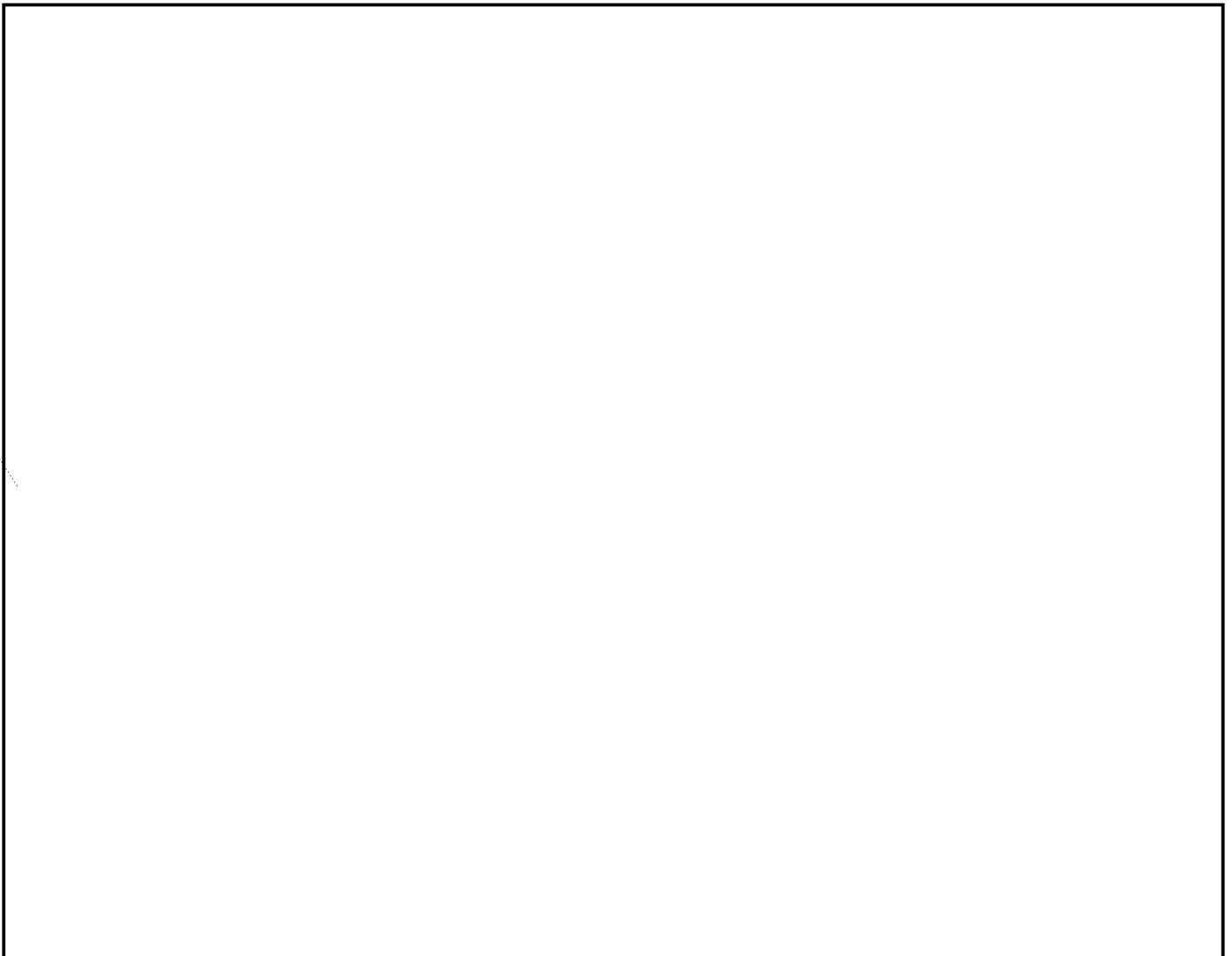


On April 27, 1948, Confidential Informant T-9, of known reliability, stated that [redacted] in April, 1948, indicated to [redacted] VINCENTE LAVA, had joined the Communist Party in 1934 and at the start of the Second World War, VINCENTE LAVA was head of the Communist Party in the Philippines. According to the informant, VINCENTE LAVA died in September, 1947.

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Regarding CATHERINE PORTER, 2430 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW, Washington, D.C., an acquaintance of [redacted] since February,

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WFO 105-1397

1939, and who submitted favorable affidavits in connection with [redacted] application for suspension of deportation, the following information is set forth:

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CATHERINE PORTER was born September 18, 1898, Holyoke, Massachusetts, and as of 1948, was employed by OIE, Department of State, Washington, D.C., as Chief, Philippine Branch. From 1926 to 1944, PORTER was employed by the American Institute of Pacific Relations as a research worker, writer, and editor, and as of 1948, was a member of the IPR. While employed by the IPR, PORTER's [redacted] who was also instrumental in the organization of the Russian War Relief, Incorporated.

It is noted that Russian War Relief, Incorporated, was officially organized and started by the American-Russian Institute for Cultural Relations with the Soviet Union, which is an affiliate of the Society of Cultural Relations with Foreign Countries (VOKS), Moscow.

Relative to CATHERINE PORTER, it is further noted that she has had a series of articles on far eastern affairs published in several periodicals, namely: "Far Eastern Survey", "Pacific Affairs", and "Amerasia."

b1

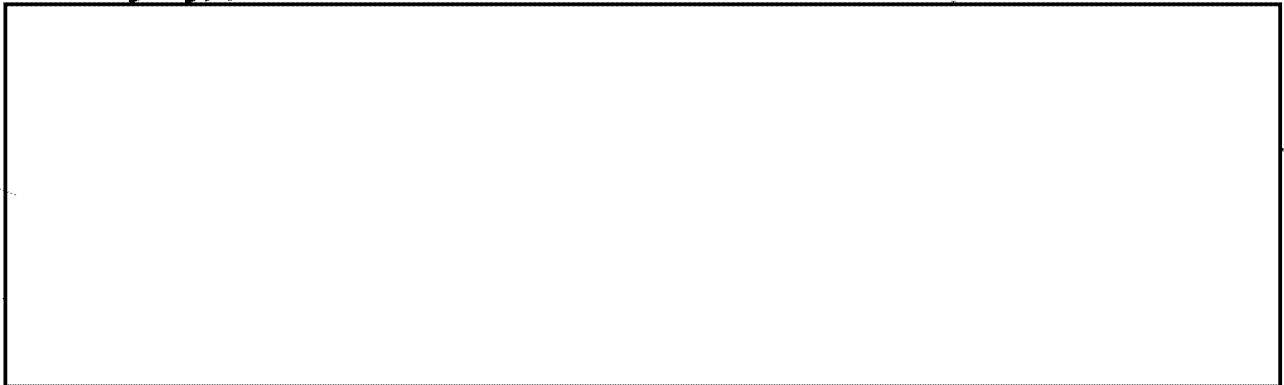
(S)

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SECURITY MATTER-~~SECRET~~

WFO 105-1397



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ENCLOSURE

TO SAN FRANCISCO:

One photograph of NICKOLAI PROKUSHKIN on board
the President Grant.

- PENDING -

SECURITY MATTER-~~SECRET~~

- 6 -

~~SECRET~~

~~SECRET~~

WFO 105-1397

ADMINISTRATIVE PAGE

It is noted that Miss CATHERINE PORTER was the subject of a case entitled, "CATHERINE PORTER; Special Inquiry, State Department, Public Law 402, 80th Congress (VOICE OF AMERICA)", Bufile 123-351. It is also noted that Bulet to WFO dated 6/13/51 in this case reflects that in April, 1950, LOUIS F. BUDENZ indicated he knew CATHERINE PORTER to be a Communist from official reports; however, upon re-interview on 8/30/50, BUDENZ was unable to identify CATHERINE PORTER mentioned in investigative section of this report as being CATHERINE PORTER previously stated by him to be one of the 400 concealed Communists known to him. b1

(S)

INFORMANTS

- T-1. . . [redacted] as reflected in report of SA H. EDWARD WHITE (A), Los Angeles, dated January 30, 1951, entitled, "CARLOS BULOSAN; Security Matter-C". b7D
- T-2. . . [redacted] as reflected in Seattle letter to the Bureau dated 11/16/50, entitled, "CARLOS BULOSAN, Security Matter-C". b7D
- T-3. . . Letter from [redacted] as set out in Anchorage letter to Bureau dated 3/31/51. b6
b7C
b7D
- T-4. . . [redacted] as reflected in report of SA H. EDWARD WHITE (A), Los Angeles, dated 1/30/51, entitled "CARLOS BULOSAN, Security Matter-C". b6
b7C
b7D
- T-5. . . [redacted] as reflected in report of SA H. EDWARD WHITE (A), Los Angeles, dated 10/31/51, entitled, "CARLOS BULOSAN, Security Matter-C". b6
b7C
b7D
- T-6. . . [redacted]
- T-7. . . CS LA 3200

~~SECRET~~

~~SECRET~~

WFO 105-1397

T-8. . . [REDACTED]

(Informants T-6, T-7, T-8 were reflected in report of SA H. EDWARD WHITE (A), Los Angeles, dated 10/31/51, entitled, "CARLOS BULOSAN, Security Matter - C.")

T-9. . . [REDACTED] as reflected in WFO letter to Bureau dated 5/1/48, entitled "VINCENTE LAVA; [REDACTED] SECURITY MATTER - C."

(S) T-10 . . . [REDACTED]

T-11 . . . [REDACTED] designated as Confidential Informant T-2 in report of SA JAMES O. NEWPHER, Washington, D.C., dated 3/5/51.

(S) T-12 . . . [REDACTED]

LEADS

PHILADELPHIA OFFICE:

AT PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLVANIA:

Will ascertain [REDACTED] associates and activities and her possible connection with the HUKS.

LOS ANGELES OFFICE:

AT LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA:

Will report on pertinent information on CARLOS BULOSAN and [REDACTED], and their possible connection with the HUKS.

SAN FRANCISCO OFFICE:

AT SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA:

Will ascertain if NICKOLAI PROKUSHKIN mentioned in this report is identical with NICHOLAS PROKOOSHKIN, 438 A Haight Street, San Francisco.

WASHINGTON FIELD OFFICE:

AT WASHINGTON, D.C.:

Will maintain contact with available sources for additional information in this case.

~~SECRET~~

WFO 105-1397

REFERENCE: Bureau Letter to WFO dated October 29, 1951.

Report of SA PAUL B. GIBSON, Philadelphia, dated November 8, 1951.

Philadelphia Letter to Bureau dated November 8, 1951.

Reports of SA H. EDWARD WHITE (A), Los Angeles, dated January 30, 1951; May 19, 1951; October 31, 1951, entitled, "CARLOS BULOSAN, was, Security Matter-C."

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Director, FBI (64-200-239)

FROM : SAC, San Francisco (105-882)

SUBJECT: COMMUNIST ACTIVITIES IN THE PHILIPPINE ISLANDS
INTERNAL SECURITY - PI

DATE: January 31, 1952

CONFIDENTIAL

Rerep SA JAMES O. NEWPHER dated 1/5/52 at Washington Field in which the San Francisco Office was requested to ascertain if NICKOLAI PROKUSHKIN, allegedly a possible courier between Manila and Hong Kong, was identical with NICHOLAS PROKOOSHKIN, 438-A Haight Street, San Francisco.

From information previously reported, it is deemed that this allegation pertains to NICHOLAS ILAS PROKOOSHKIN, formerly of 438-A Haight Street, who presently resides at 455 - 22nd Avenue, San Francisco.

In addition, rerep enclosed a photograph of NICKOLAI PROKUSHKIN on board the SS PRESIDENT GRANT. The source of this photograph is not indicated and it is noted that the picture of PROKUSHKIN is not distinct. This photograph was exhibited to Special Agent [redacted] of this office, who had previously interviewed PROKOOSHKIN under pretext. SA [redacted] advised that the photograph bears a strong resemblance to PROKOOSHKIN, but could not make a positive identification because of the lack of clarity in the photograph.

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In accordance with instructions contained in Bulet to Philadelphia in the above-captioned matter, dated 12/7/51, an individual case file on PROKOOSHKIN, wa., Prokushkin, has been reopened and information concerning him will be reported in the individual case file under the caption "NICHOLAS ILAS PROKOOSHKIN, wa., INTERNAL SECURITY - PI," San Francisco File 105-174, San Francisco origin.

In view of the foregoing, instant matter is being considered RUC.

GGS:JMT
REGISTERED

CC: Washington Field (105-1397; REGISTERED)
Los Angeles (105-855; info.; REGISTERED)
Philadelphia (105-614; info.; REGISTERED)
SF 105-174

105-855-21

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FEB 10 1952	
FBI - LOS ANGELES	

[Handwritten signature]

~~SECURITY INFORMATION - CONFIDENTIAL~~

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1

THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT

WASHINGTON FIELD

FILE NO.

REPORT MADE AT LOS ANGELES	DATE WHEN MADE 3/10/52	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE 12/21/51; 1/10; 2/12,13/52	REPORT MADE BY ANATOLE N. OSSIPOFF bep
TITLE COMMUNIST ACTIVITIES IN THE PHILIPPINE ISLANDS			CHARACTER OF CASE INTERNAL SECURITY - PI

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:

Informants advise no organized HUK
movement in Los Angeles area.

-RUC-

DETAILS:

T-1 and T-2, both of known reliability, advised on February 12, 1952,
and February 13, 1952, that to their knowledge there is no organized HUK
movement in the Los Angeles area.

-REFERRED UPON COMPLETION TO THE OFFICE OF ORIGIN-

APPROVED AND FORWARDED:	SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES	
<i>[Signature]</i>		105-855-22	
COPIES OF THIS REPORT		SECURITY INFORMATION - CONFIDENTIAL	
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2 - Los Angeles (105-855)		CONFIDENTIAL	

PROPERTY OF FBI—THIS CONFIDENTIAL REPORT AND ITS CONTENTS ARE LOANED TO YOU BY THE FBI AND ARE NOT TO BE DISTRIBUTED OUTSIDE OF
AGENCY TO WHICH LOANED.

correction made. See Ser. 2 B. el

LA 105-855

ADMINISTRATIVE

Information concerning CARLOS BULOSAN and [redacted]
[redacted] will be reported in Bureau file 100-370827 and Los Angeles file
100-32735, captioned "CARLOS BULOSAN - SECURITY MATTER - C."

b6
b7C

INFORMANTS

T-1

[redacted]
[redacted] who was interviewed by SAs H. EDWARD WHITE,
and ANATOLE N. OSSIPOFF, on February 12, 1952.

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b7C
b7D

T-2

[redacted]
who was interviewed by SA H. EDWARD WHITE on February 13, 1952.

b6
b7C
b7D

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : SAC, Los Angeles (105-855) *Brung*

DATE: March 25, 1952

JEH FROM : Director, FBI (64-200-239)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 10-04-2011 BY 60324 uc baw sab/ml

SUBJECT: COMMUNIST ACTIVITIES IN THE PHILIPPINE ISLANDS
INTERNAL SECURITY - PI

Rerep SA Anatole N. Ossipoff dated March 10, 1952,
at Los Angeles, California, in the captioned matter.

A review of this report fails to reflect the need
for the ~~"Secret"~~ classification. The classification on your copies
of the report should be changed from ~~"Secret"~~ to ~~"Confidential."~~
Bureau copies have been changed accordingly.

A copy of this letter is being furnished the Washington
Field Office inasmuch as copies of the referenced report were
designated for that office.

cc - Washington Field (105-1397)

SEARCHED.....	INDEXED.....
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MAR 27 1952	
FBI - LOS ANGELES	

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See Ser. 22

105-855-23

Secret Link Between U.S., Reds and Huks

SAN FRANCISCO, June 10. (AP)—Philippine and American authorities have uncovered a secret communication link between communists in the United States and communist Huks fighting in the Philippines, Philippines national defense secretary Ramon Magsaysay said today.

Coded messages smuggled into the islands through air lines serving Manila and San Francisco were intercepted, he said. The messages supplied evidence of a close tieup between the Reds, he asserted. Other intercepts have been found aboard planes from Hong Kong and Europe to Manila.

Means of breaking the communications line with the co-operation of airline officials are under close study, he said in an interview.

The husky 45-year-old defense secretary heads east today aboard a military air transport service plane for Washington. He will meet President Truman at the White House, defense secretary Robert Lovett, assistant secretary of state John Allison and the secretaries of the Army, Navy and Air Force in a busy five-day visit.

He will stop en route at El Paso, Texas, for a reunion with a World War II guerrilla comrade-in-arms, Col. Gyles Merrill.

He has been the guest here of Lt. Gen. Joseph M. Swing, Sixth Army commander at the Presidio.

Magsaysay for two years has led a winning battle against the will-o'-wisp Huk guerrillas. He gained international attention for his use of army regulars and 5000 student reserve troops in insuring a clean national election in November, 1951.

He also was responsible for the deportation of several Chinese millionaires linked with the Red movement in the Philippines. A month after taking office in September, 1950, he smashed the Red politburo for the islands.

Magsaysay revamped the Philippines army into small, fast and hard-hitting combat teams. They have kept the Huks off balance and disrupted Red communications.

HOLLYWOOD CITIZEN-NEWS

JUN 10 1952

105-855-24

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SERIALIZED.....	FILED.....
JUN 13 1952	
FBI - LOS ANGELES	

Q
ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 10-04-2011 BY 60324 uc baw sab/ml

DIRECTOR, FBI (64-200-239)

June 10, 1952

SAC, WFO (105-1397)

COMMUNIST ACTIVITIES IN THE
PHILIPPINE ISLANDS
INTERNAL SECURITY - R

Rebulet 5/28/52 and rerep SA JAMES O. NEWBER, WFO,
dated 1/5/52.

Submitted herewith are two copies of corrected pages
4 and 8, in accordance with referenced letter, to auxiliary offices
who previously received copies of referenced report. Nine
corrected copies of pages 4 and 8 are being furnished the Bureau.

JON:CJD

2 - Los Angeles (105-855) (Reg. Mail) *Encs. 2/4*
2 - Philadelphia (105-614) (Reg. Mail)
2 - San Francisco (105-282) (Reg. Mail)

Encl. (9)

See Ser 20

105-855-25

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FBI - LOS ANGELES	

041

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 04-20-11 BY 60324 AC BAW EAM/ML

IN TOWN

By GORDON CURRIE



The Philippine community will lose an outstanding member when Vice-Consul **DOROTEO V. VITE** leaves for Seattle. This popular young man has been notified by Ambassador Carlos Romulo that he has been re-assigned. It means a well-earned promotion for Vite who came to California at the age of 15 and was graduated from UCLA. He later attended George Washington University in Washington and received an M.A. in government and foreign service. During World War II he served with distinction with the allied intelligence bureau in the Pacific and worked with the guerrillas in Mindanao for almost a year before the troops landed. The good wishes of many grateful people go with Doroteo Vite to his new Seattle post.

105-855-12/13

105-855-26

SEARCHED.....INDEXED.....
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JUL 19 1952
FBI - LOS ANGELES

Castro

Director, FBI (64-200-239)

March 29, 1960

Legat, Tokyo (105-637)

COMMUNIST PARTY OF THE PHILIPPINES
IS - PHILIPPINES

Remylet 1/19/60.

Five copies of a letterhead memorandum are enclosed for the information of the Bureau.

Because of its continuing interest to the Bureau this case is kept in a pending status and developments will be reported currently.

The memorandum is being classified "~~confidential~~" inasmuch as it contains information so classified by the originating source.

P.

5 - Bureau (ENCLS. 5)
1 - Tokyo

RBH:ij
(6)

105-855-28

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FBI - LOS ANGELES	

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Date 4/13/60

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☐ Dallas
☐ Denver
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☐ Kansas City
☐ Knoxville
☐ Little Rock
☒ Los Angeles
☐ Louisville
☐ Memphis
☐ Miami
☐ Milwaukee
☐ Minneapolis
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☐ Rio de Janeiro
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RE: COMMUNIST PARTY OF THE PHILIPPINES
IS - PHILIPPINES

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 10-04-2011 BY 60324 uc baw sab/ml

☒ For information ☐ For appropriate action ☐ Surep, by _____

☐ The enclosed is for your information. If used in a future report, ☐ conceal all sources, ☐ paraphrase contents.

☐ Enclosed are corrected pages from report of SA _____
dated _____.

REMARKS:

1 - Honolulu
1 - San Francisco
1 - Seattle

Enclosure(s)

Bufile (64-200-239)

Urfile

TO: SAC,

☐ Albany
☐ Albuquerque
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☐ Rio de Janeiro
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☐ Tokyo

Date 12/8/66

RE: COMMUNIST PARTY OF THE PHILIPPINES
IS - PHILIPPINES

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

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DATE 10-04-2011 BY 60324 uc baw sab/ml

☒ For information ☐ Retention optional ☐ For appropriate action ☐ Surep, by _____

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☐ Enclosed are corrected pages from report of SA _____ dated _____

Remarks:

Indel
pgs 1, 6.

TRATT

Info

105-255-29
4 DEC 10 1966

Enc.
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Urfile

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Director, FBI (64-200-239)

11/30/66

Legat, Manila (105-12) (P)

COMMUNIST PARTY OF THE PHILIPPINES (CPP)
IS - PHILIPPINES

Re Manila letter 5/31/66; and Bulet to Paris 5/7/65
captioned, "ESPIONAGE AND FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE MATTERS".

I. ORGANIZATION AND LEADERSHIP

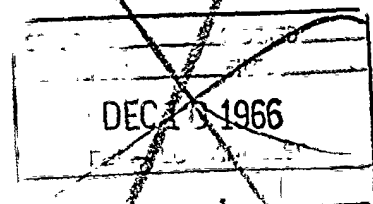
The Communist Party of the Philippines (CPP), an illegal organization, is presently headed by a three-man body called the Secretariat or the Politburo. These three men are HERNANDO ABAYA, and PEDRO TARNIC, who represent peasant, labor, and intellectual groups. A Secretariat Staff of 14 members reports directly to the Secretariat. In the organizational structure, there is also a Central Committee under which the following bodies are organized:

Political Intelligence Bureau
City Committee
Intellectual Group
Labor Group
Student Group
Provincial Committee
People's Liberation Army

The foregoing bodies are further divided into groups, sections and cells. The total active membership of the party is still estimated at 2500 with perhaps 4,000 active sympathizers and a somewhat wider support base of 7,000. The principal activity centers in Manila where four groups--labor, student, intellectual, and city committee--are active.

The People's Liberation Army (HMB) is generally considered to be the military arm of the Communist Party. The main HMB area is Pampanga Province where active HMB members are estimated to number 68 with approximately 555 HMB cadres in the Angeles City area, neighboring Clark Air Base. In Central Luzon, the HMB has a mass base of 5,522, but it leans

3 - Bureau
 (1 - Foreign Liaison)
1 - Manila
JLM:cjg
(4)



b6
b7c

MAN 105-12

heavily on the support of some 310 sympathizers. Small bands also operate in remote areas where their arms and show of force convince the peasants and villagers that the HMB is still highly organized and equipped. The recognized Commander of the HMB is SUMULONG, who is under the leadership of PEDRO TARUC, HMB Chairman and member of the Secretariat, CPP.

The Chinese Bureau is a communist organization composed of Chinese Nationals who are permanent residents of the Philippines or temporary visitors. The Chinese Bureau (CB) refuses to be aligned with or under the control of the CPP. This independence from the CPP dates back to World War II when the CB formed its own armed unit to fight the Japanese occupation forces. Contact between the CPP and the CB is conducted by members of the Political Bureau, CPP, under direct supervision of the General Secretary. Any contact between the CB and the CPP is at the discretion of the CB. Numerous CPP members feel the party is "begging" the CB for financial assistance, which has been promised. In turn, the CPP has been asked to denounce the Communist Party of the Soviet Union as "Revisionist". Source feels there is definite contact between the CB and the Secretariat, CPP, at the present time, concerning financial matters.

II. OBJECTIVES AND EFFECTIVENESS

While the ultimate objective of the CPP continues to be the establishment of a Communist government, some of the ways and means of attaining the objective have been changed or modified.

The several secondary objectives to the ultimate objective generally make up a blueprint for conquest of national power. In essence, the blueprint assumes the following steps.

Achievement of a socialist form of government which would eventually lead to the final objective of setting up a communist government.

Establishment of a "New Democracy".

The overthrow of the "imperialist-feudal domination" of the Philippines and the establishment of a "Filipinistic government".

MAN 105-12

This blueprint indicates emphasis on a political struggle; but the CPP still believes in the use of "armed struggle" as the shortest route to the achievement of national political power.

Essentially, then the most logical first step is to create conditions favorable to a revolutionary crisis in the country which would signal the implementation of an armed revolution. The present CPP program of action involves the implementation of both subversive and insurgent activities. The subversion route includes intensification of recruitment, training, organization infiltration, agitation and propaganda; extensive use of united front tactics; establishment of extensive financing; and all-out election participation. The insurgency route includes a continuation of limited insurgent activities, and a buildup of military capabilities through recruitment, training, organization, procurement of military armament and equipment, and intensification of sabotage and espionage activities.

More significant than actual evidence of insurgent activities of the CPP is the presence of their five-year project which is a phased buildup of their insurgent capability terminating in the achievement of military goals at the end of five years.

Although it is very doubtful whether the CPP can attain their final objective within the time-table they have set, indications point to their having started the implementation of this project. Such a step could definitely cause an improvement over their present military capability.

In connection with CPP insurgent activities of the past, over 250 liquidations have been attributed to the CPP since 1960.

Equally disturbing is the fact that starting in 1964, more bands of HMB's have been reported in Central Luzon and the Southern Tagalog regions. Also where previously only small bands of 3 or 4 HMBs were sighted, in 1966 bigger bands of 15 or more were reported. This tends to indicate a growing boldness on the part of the HMB - a boldness that may have grown out of either an increased mass support or an increased capability for armed action against government forces.

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Because of the insular nature of the Philippines that would render extremely difficult the successful sending of logistical aid from a foreign country for the CPP, the CPP has strived to solve their logistics problems with resources at hand. This was one of the main causes of the defeat of the CPP forces at the hands of government forces at the time they implemented the "armed struggle" during the early 1950s.

In areas where the CPP exercises a relatively greater influence (Central Luzon), the CPP has an organized collection schedule covering farm owners, fishermen, businessmen, lumbermen, etc. In addition, they have been reported to have organized fund-raising ventures as benefits, raffles and even gambling activities. In some cities and in Central Luzon, the CPP has also been reported to have engaged in business activities as transportation, sari-sari store chains and other commercial activities. Also, some reports indicate CPP involvement in smuggling ventures. Lastly, there are indications that the CPP is presently receiving undetermined amounts of financial aid from the Chinese Communist Party in the Philippines.

The CPP has been clandestinely procuring loose firearms from civilians and firearms and ammunition from US bases and Philippine military installations. To give an idea of the extent of the CPP gains in their subversive activities, the following concrete examples are presented as the sum total effect of the CPP successes in recruitment, infiltration, propaganda and creation of front organization activities:

Youth and Students - The CPP has successfully infiltrated 9, attained influence in 15, and gained control of 18, organizations. In addition, the CPP has successfully caused the creation of the Kabataang Makabayan (KM), which is suspected to be the national front organization for youth/students.

Labor - The CPP has successfully infiltrated several unions and federations, and attained influence/control in 68 unions and 19 federations. In addition, the CPP has successfully caused the creation of the Lapiang Manggagawa (LM), which is suspected to be the national front organization for Labor.

Peasants - The CPP has successfully infiltrated and controlled most of the peasant organizations in Central Luzon,

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Laguna and Quezon. In addition, it has successfully caused the creation of the Malayang Samahang Magasasaka (Masaka) and the Philippine Council of Agrarian Workers (PCAW) (which has a reported membership strength of 1.5 million), which are considered national front organizations for the peasant groups.

Civic-Socio Groups - The CPP has successfully organized the Kapisanan Tinig Ng Bayan (KTNB), which is considered the National front organization for civic-socio group and intellectuals.

In addition to the above national front organizations, the CPP has successfully organized the Allied Committee To Improve Our Nation (ACTION), which is suspected to be the rallying organization for the unemployed and counts on representation from youth/students, intellectuals, labor, peasants, and other civic-socio organizations.

III. POTENTIAL

Figures available show that the CPP has increased its membership strength. Although this increase in strength does not place them in a footing to cause internal disorder equal to that in 1950, this increase may serve as a warning that the party has recovered from its past debacle and has achieved a capability to widen its base of operation and slowly strive to attain its goals.

The CPP has achieved relatively significant gains in their infiltration activities. Their gains are greatest among the Labor, Youth/Student and Peasant Groups, and which run true to Communist dogmas that these groups represent the main forces of the Communist revolution. These groups have been most active in recent demonstrations, both against the government and against the main target of their agitation-propaganda activities, the United States.

Among the intellectuals, religious and other groups, and in the government, their gains are considered limited and relatively insignificant. However, it is in the creation of Front Organizations that the CPP has made their biggest gains. This is mainly attributable to their successfully infiltrating several legitimate organizations and eventually gaining influence or control of said organizations. The CPP has

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successfully effected the organization of one national front organization for the Youth/Student group, two national front organizations for the Peasant Group, and one front organization for the unemployed and other groups. The constitution of these front organizations reveals an ambitious plan to fully saturate the entire country with a grass-root type of organization. Likewise, these front organizations have not only been on the forefront of, but also successfully served as effective rallying points for demonstrations directed by the CPP. They have also served to effect a wider coverage for communist propaganda and agitation activities.

Although the CPP has directed all-out participation in local and national elections, their successes are relatively insignificant taken in the light of successfully catapulting their own or selected candidates into elective position. In Central Luzon, where their greatest influence is felt, they have only successfully infiltrated the lower levels of government as barrio councils, and caused the election of a few mayors. As seen, therefore, in this light, their successes are considered relatively insignificant and not alarming.

Concern has been voiced in Intelligence circles, however, about the substantial influence that several Party members and sympathizers apparently have within the Marcos Administration. These include such individuals as [redacted]

[redacted]

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The Marcos Administration is currently working actively to establish trade and cultural ties with the Soviet Union, looking toward formal diplomatic relations as soon as possible. While this is not an indication that the Philippine Government is favoring communism, it is an indication the Government is working toward a condition within the country which will permit greater liaison between the CPP and the parties of the communist nations. Greater interest in improved relations with Communist China appears evident by the exchange of visitors, Congressmen, and students between the Philippines and Communist China.

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In American Embassy circles it is believed that the Marcos Administration is the last hope that democracy as we know it will prevail in the Philippines if Marcos fails to stop the cancer which is undermining the nation's economy and political system, namely, smuggling of products and Chinese, serious, crippling corruption which pervades the Government and police, and the absence of peace and order. If the current trend continues unchecked, a dissatisfied electorate or a dissatisfied populace will throw its weight in the direction of any change which promises an improvement. The CPP is actively working and waiting for just such a public state of impatience to implement their objectives. As of the present, political organizations in the Philippines do not offer a radical or definite change from the status quo. Any political change considered necessary would practically and of necessity be in the direction of a "new democracy" or socialism, a prelude to a communist form of government.

Director, FBI (64-200-239)

5/31/67

Legat, Manila (105-12) (P)

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COMMUNIST PARTY OF THE PHILIPPINES (CPP)
IS - PHILIPPINES

Remylet 11/30/66; Bulet to Paris 5/7/56, captioned,
"ESPIONAGE AND FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE MATTERS".

I. ORGANIZATION AND LEADERSHIP

A Communist Party of the Philippines (CPP) Central Committee conference, previously scheduled to be held before the end of March, 1967, was postponed. The conference is to be re-scheduled for September or October, 1967. In the interim, the CPP Secretariat Staff decided to form a temporary Political Bureau to act as the official CPP executive body until the Central Committee can elect a Political Bureau. On 3/27/67 a meeting of the CPP Secretariat Staff was held to select the temporary Political Bureau members. Temporary Political Bureau members were selected as follows:

With the selection of a temporary Political Bureau, the Secretariat Staff will no longer exist. The body formerly known as the Secretariat Staff will now be known as the Political Bureau. Additionally, the former CPP Secretariat,

3 - Bureau
(1 - Foreign Liaison)
1 - Manila
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JUN 1 1967
FBI - MANILA

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which was composed of three men independent of the Secretariat Staff, is no longer recognized. The body now known as the Secretariat consists of the General Secretary, the Organizational Dept. Chairman and the Educational Dept. Chairman, all of whom are members of the Political Bureau. Under the new organization, the Finance, Communications and Trade Union Departments are under the Organizational Dept., and the Political Intelligence Bureau is under the General Secretary.

II. OBJECTIVES AND EFFECTIVENESS

The CPP continues to outwardly foster a legal or parliamentary line in trying to achieve its objectives, infiltrating government and labor organizations, and establishing numerous front organizations to influence the masses. The goal, of course, is the setting up of a communist government in the Philippines and to obtain the necessary broad base for this undertaking, the CPP is banking a great deal on the front groups, in particular, youth groups. The creation of the Kabataang Makabayan (KM), (youth arm of the communist-controlled Labor Party,) in 1964 is an example of the Party's active work among youth and student groups. It is interesting to note, however, that [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] and is supporting China in the dispute between the Soviet Union and China. This is in opposition to the neutral stand of the CPP [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] be replaced, and has refused to place himself under the control of the CPP leadership. He also is reportedly going to Japan in May, 1967 at the request of the Socialist Party of Japan, but the real reason for the trip is said to be to report to the Chinese Communists.

III. POTENTIAL

The Party currently is undergoing leadership reorganization as well as a certain amount of strife between certain segments with respect to the ideological split. It however, could be on the verge of excellent growth. The economic situation in the Philippines is certainly not improving, rice prices are going up, employment is in short supply, and wages are not keeping pace with price increases. This always provides fertile soil for sowing dissatisfaction. Additionally,

MAN 105-12

the Philippines is considering trade with Iron Curtain and Bamboo Curtain countries. This trade is to be on a government-to-government basis and because of this, diplomatic recognition might follow. Any such trade or interchange cannot but help the CPP.

The CPP has inaugurated youth development by virtue of its front groups, and is sending small units throughout the provinces to create support for its aims.

The HMB, allegedly the para-military arm of the CPP, is reportedly becoming stronger and expanding its influence into hitherto untouched areas. There does not, however, seem to be a complete agreement on objectives and procedures between the HUK leadership and the Party leadership.

Over-all, the possibility of the CPP becoming more powerful rather than declining, seems the more likely.

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0-7 (3-31-67)

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1/7/74

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TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (64-200-239)

FROM: LEGAT, MANILA (105-49) (P)

COMMUNIST PARTY OF THE PHILIPPINES (CPP)
IS - PHILIPPINES

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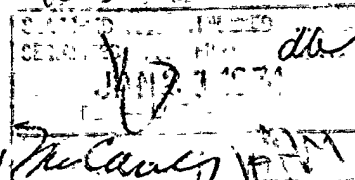
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10 - Bureau

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- (2 - Los Angeles)
- (2 - New York)
- (2 - San Francisco)
- (1 - Legat, London) (Info)

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COMMENT

[REDACTED] CPUSA National
Committeeman from New York.

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The National Headquarters of the CPUSA is 23 West 26th Street, New York 10011. GUS and HENRY at 23 West 20th Street, New York 10010, may refer to GUS HALL and HENRY WINSTON. The correct ZIP code for CPUSA HQ is 10010. The second address would be in zone 10011. It appears some transposition of numbers has occurred.

LEADS

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[REDACTED]
Legat, Manila, will take necessary action upon recd pt of results.

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RE:

Date 1/18/74

COMMUNIST PARTY OF THE PHILIPPINES (CPP)
IS - PHILIPPINES

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UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

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DATE 10-04-2011 BY 60324 uc baw sab/ml

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (64-200-239)

DATE: 3/25/74

FROM : *SSAC*, LOS ANGELES (105-855) (RUC)

SUBJECT: COMMUNIST PARTY OF THE PHILIPPINES (CPP)
IS - PHILIPPINES

Re Legat, Manila airtel to the Bureau dated 1/7/74.

Review of Los Angeles files discloses FRANK GLASS, 3003 Future Place, Los Angeles, California, is apparently CECIL FRANK GLASS, aka Frank Glass, Frank Graham, Frank Graves, Li Fu Jen and John Liang, former ADEX subject of the Los Angeles office (Bufile 100-358068, LA 100-30278).

GLASS, born in Birmingham, England on 3/25/01, is a self-employed writer from his residence at 1672 Morton Avenue, Los Angeles, California, and associate editor of "Laging Una," 3003 Future Place, Los Angeles.

"Laging Una" is a small newspaper sometimes referred to as "The Voice of the Filipino People" which has usually contained news articles almost entirely devoted to the presence of the U.S. in Vietnam and to U.S. influence on the governments of the Philippines and South Vietnam. It is designed to appeal to persons of Philippine extraction.

GLASS was last elected to the National Advisory Committee of the Socialist Workers Party (SWP) in 1971 and was a member of the Los Angeles Local - SWP in 1972 although he last attended a meeting of that organization in 1970. He was formerly considered to be one of the "guiding lights" of the SWP.

- 5 - Bureau (RM)
 - (2 - Legat, Manila, 105-49)
 - (1 - Legat, London)
- 1 - New York (Info) (RM)
- 1 - San Francisco (Info) (RM)
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TO DIRECTOR ROUTINE

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COMMUNIST PARTY OF THE PHILIPPINES; FCI - PHILIPPINES.

RE BUREAU COMMUNICATION CAPTIONED AS ABOVE,

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